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Jones George R. R.

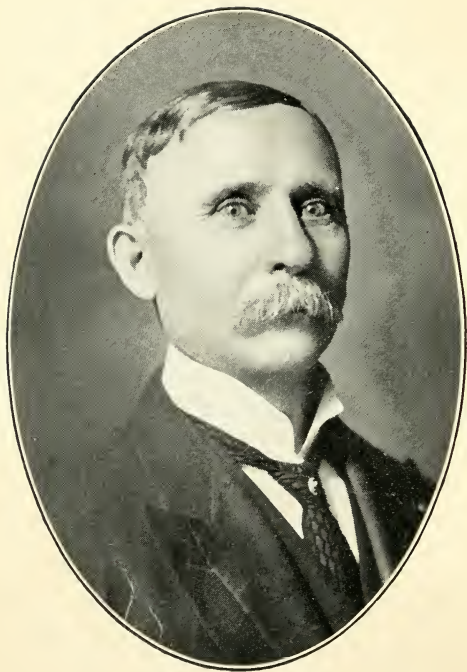
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Jones, G. R.



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George Russell Jones (II)

GENEALOGY OF THE JONES FAMILY

FIRST AND ONLY BOOK EVER WRITTEN OF THE DESCENDANTS OF

BENJAMIN JONES

WHO IMMIGRATED FROM SOUTH WALES MORE THAN
250 YEARS AGO.

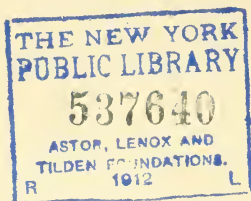


COAT OF ARMS

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BY
GEORGE RUSSELL JONES
PASADENA, CALIF.

TIMES-MIRROR Ptg. & Bdg. House, Los Angeles, CAL.



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AUTHOR'S PREFACE

The opportunity furnished to the reader of this book will be a source of gratification to the present generation, as well as to future generations, to look back upon ye olden times, and to comprehend their forefathers; a casual observance of the contents will readily show that the generations are classified in regular form. The black figure opposite name designates the generation. The search and research by the writer began 8 years ago (A. D. 1904) and proved to be a stupendous undertaking, unexpected difficulties and disappointments arising to such an extent that in 1907 the search was abandoned indefinitely. Three and one-half years later unexpectedly and by sheer luck the writer ran across information leading up to the right trail, which encouraged a renewal of the research to a successful termination.

The evidence herein proves that up to about eighty years ago this branch of the Jones family lived or were known in but three states, viz, the original mother state of Connecticut, and the states of New York and Pennsylvania. They have increased and drifted into twenty-three states from the Atlantic to the Pacific

coasts. The search began in the National Library (Congressional Library) Washington, D. C., then the libraries and hall of records of New York City, the state library and hall of records of deeds and wills at Albany, also Wilkesbarre and Wyoming Valley, Pa., continued in Boston, Mass., and cities and counties in Connecticut. Town, county and state histories were thoroughly canvassed, also records of deeds, wills and land grants of early days. Tombstones in old graveyards in Connecticut were inspected which furnished evidence. Scores of letters were written and sent out, soliciting information.

It is only proper to state that this genealogy does not contain all the names that were entitled to be enumerated, as it was impossible to secure proper information to enroll them, for reason of their indifference to become interested, and failure to reply.

THE AUTHOR.

Pasadena, California, April, 1912.

GENEALOGY OF THE JONES FAMILY

(1.) BENJAMIN JONES, the first, according to information as is evidenced below, was of Welsh extraction. The writer has been unable to ascertain in what year he immigrated to America, or any information relative to his antecedents, but found in the Connecticut records that he was married to a Miss Hannah Spencer of Milford, Conn., May 2nd, 1661. To this union one son, Benjamin Jones, Jr., was born, A. D. 1662, at Bedford, Conn. A copy of an old record copied from a tombstone in the old graveyard at Bedford, Conn., follows:

“Here lies the body of Benjamin Jones, born in Wales, A. D. 1630. Died December 30, A. D. 1692. Age 62 years, 3 months, 5 days.”*

Note—In explanation it is well here to state for information, that a strip of land now the southern part of Massachusetts and adjoining the State of Connecticut, at the time of the above dates, were a part of the Territory of Connecticut.

(2.) BENJAMIN JONES, the second, son of Benjamin Jones, the first and Hannah Spencer Jones, was born at Bedford, Conn., 1662. He married Elizabeth, his wife, the year 1684. To this union six sons were born: Thomas Jones, born 1686; Ebenezer, born 1690, married Priscilla Smith, in 1713, settled in Somers, Conn.; Eleazer, born April 12, 1693, married Mahetabel Gary, in 1719, also settled in Somers; Benjamin, third, born 1710, at Somers, Conn.; Levi, born 1716; Zebulan, born 1723. The records show that a land grant was issued to Benjamin Jones, second, in the year 1686. He moved from Enfield to Somers, Conn., in 1706, and was the first settler in that vicinity, living on the lands during summer and moving back to town in the winter, and at other times when danger was apprehended, but did not make permanent home until 1713.

It was the practice of Benjamin Jones to ride on horseback to his new settlement. It was deemed in those times very dangerous for a man to emigrate five or ten miles into the forest. If he exceeded that distance, his funeral sermon surely would be preached. He died in 1754, 92 years of age.

Somers, Conn., in Ye Olden Times,

By Austin Chapman.

BENJAMIN JONES as he passed around
Was the first to greet this noble town,
For seven long years he lived alone,

Then five neighbors from Enfield street
Came to the place and there did meet.
The venturesome man that owned the land
Where all the emigrants first made stand
Soon came twelve families more.
Those numbers then made near a score,
And from such numbers they formed a plan
To establish a church, the first on the land.

(3.) THOMAS JONES, oldest son of Benjamin Jones, the second, and Elizabeth Jones, was born in A. D. 1686, at Enfield, Conn. He was married to Mary Meacham in 1708. Mary, his wife, died in 1744. Thomas Jones was the most wealthy and highly respected citizen of Somers, Conn. He died in 1763. The deceased had two sons, Israel was one, the other was a clergyman.

(4.) CAPTAIN ISRAEL JONES, Sr., son of Thomas and Mary Jones, and grandson of Benjamin Jones, the second, was born 1711, at Enfield, Conn. Capt. Jones went from Enfield to Barkhamsted in 1759, and purchased a farm in the northeast part of the township. He was the first white man to make permanent settlement in that town. Capt. Jones and wife had two sons, Israel, Jr., and Edwin Jones. After his father's death Edwin Jones continued to live on the old homestead farm.

(5.) HON. COLONEL ISRAEL JONES, son of Captain Israel Jones, of Barkhamsted, Conn., was born the year 1745; no record of his first wife, other than they had a son, Samuel Jones. Hon. Israel Jones was married a second time, to Lois Wardsworth, of Farmington, Conn. From this union a son was born May 24th, 1800, namely, Henry Jones.

Mr. Jones was eighteen times elected to the General Assembly, and was for several years lieutenant commander of the 25th Regiment, Connecticut Militia. He died Sept. 1st, 1812, at the family homestead in Barkhamsted, and was buried in the old centre burying ground.

(6.) SAMUEL JONES, son of Israel Jones, was 98 years of age when he penned a letter which was read at the Centennial at Barkhamsted.

(6.) HON. HENRY JONES, second, son of Col. Israel Jones and first son by his second wife, Lois Wardsworth Jones, was born May 24, 1800, at Barkhamsted, Conn. On both sides of Mr. Jones's lineage was pioneer Puritan stock. He was a grandson of Captain Israel Jones, and his great-grandfather was Thomas Jones, who was a son of Benjamin Jones, the second.

(3.) BENJAMIN JONES, the third, son of Benjamin Jones, the second, and his wife Elizabeth, was born

in Somers, Conn., in the year of 1710. Benjamin Jones, the third, and Elizabeth, his wife, were published and married Aug. 16th, 1735. Elizabeth, his wife, was born in 1718; there was born to this union five children, namely: Hannah, born 1736, at Somers, Conn., married David Price in 1759; John, born 1738, at Somers, Conn., married Abigail Cheney Dec. 9th, 1762; Jesse, born Nov. 20th, 1739, at Somers, Conn.; Benjamin, born Dec. 26th, 1741, at Somers, Conn.; Nathan, born 1844, at Somers, Conn. July 5th, 1756, there were laid out to Benjamin Jones, of Somers, Conn., 57 acres of land by land grant, first laid out to his grandfather, Benjamin Jones, the first. Benjamin Jones died Oct. 13th, 1794, age 84 years. Elizabeth, his wife, died June 28th, 1800, 82 years of age.

(4.) JESSE JONES, son of Benjamin, the third, and Elizabeth Jones, was born about 1739, in Somers, Conn. Jesse Jones with his two brothers, Nathan and Benjamin Jones, were among the early settlers along the Susquehanna river, in Luzerne county, in 1775. Jesse Jones settled on Buttermilk Falls Creek (now in Wyoming Valley) and built a grist mill near its confluence with the Susquehanna river. This mill was built of logs, twelve feet square; its mill stones were of the size of a half bushel measure, made from conglomerate rocks found along the Lackawanna river, and used for

grinding corn, which came from settlements above, in canoes, for very little corn had been raised in the vicinity. In 1790, as the population increased, the business of farming began to increase in proportion, wheat and rye being raised in small quantities, and, to meet the exigencies of the times, Mr. Jones placed a bolting apparatus in his little grist mill. This bolt was turned with a crank by hand, and persons going to the mill had to operate the bolting themselves. Nathan Jones, a brother, lived with Jesse Jones, and attended the milling business. In 1791 a settlement was commenced on the river flats 2 miles below Butter-milk Falls, where Benjamin Jones, the other brother, erected the first tavern.

(4.) LIEUTENANT BENJAMIN JONES, the fourth, son of Benjamin Jones, the third, and Elizabeth, was born Dec. 26, 1741; he was married to Elizabeth, A. D. 1770; she was born Oct. 24, 1746; to this union nine children were born, namely: Lewis, born Oct. 25, 1771; Major, born 1777; James, born Dec. 4, 1779; John R., born 1781; Benjamin, the 5th, born 1783; Harry, born 1785; Polly, born 1787; Sally, born 1789; Elizabeth, 1792. Benjamin Jones purchased of Caleb Baldwin, an original proprietor, a one-half share, or right in the Connecticut Susquehanna Co., and was surveyed out to him July 5, 1773, being in what is

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State Library Albany N Y 22 April 1904

THIS IS TO CERTIFY that on page 190 of a manuscript volume entitled "Minutes of the Council of Appointment, vol.1," in the custody of the Regents of the University of the State of New York, in the State Library, Benjamin Jones is recorded, under date of 23 June 1780, as appointed lieutenant in Capt. Joseph Osburn's company, belonging to the regiment of Westchester county Associated Exempts commanded by Lt.Col. Joseph Benedict; also, that on page 43 of a manuscript volume entitled "Certificates of Treasurer, vol.9," in the said State Library, Benjamin Jones is recorded, under date of 30 June 1781, as lieutenant in the said company and regiment; also, that on page 3 of a manuscript volume entitled "Certificates of Treasurer, vol.5," in the said State Library, Benjamin Jones is recorded, under date of 17 Oct. 1777, as private in Capt. Samuel Delivan's company, belonging to the regiment of Westchester county militia commanded by Lt.Col. Gilbert Drake; also, that on pages 21-31 of a manuscript volume entitled "Certificates of Treasurer, vol.4," in the said State Library, Benjamin Jones is recorded, under dates of 3 Oct. 1779-9 Aug. 1780, as a private in the companies of Captains Garret Ackerson, Jacob Onderdonk, John Gardner and Henry Tournear (Turner), belonging to the regiment of Orange county militia commanded by Col. Ann Hawkes Hay; also, that on page 42 of a manuscript volume entitled "Certificates of Treasurer, vol.7," in the said State Library, Benjamin Jones is recorded, under date of 3 July 1780, as a private in Capt. Samuel Delavan's company of Dragoons of the Westchester county militia; and that the above records show active service in the Revolutionary war.

Arnold J. Evans
Archivist

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the seal of the University of the State of New York has been affixed at the city of Albany, this 22nd day of April 1904.



A. S. Drake
Commissioner of Education

CERTIFICATE OF WAR RECORD OF
LIEUT. BENJAMIN JONES IV.

THE NEW YORK
PUBLIC LIBRARY

ASTOR LENOX TILDEN FOUNDATION
1900

now Exeter Township, Wyoming valley, Pa., containing 267 acres of land including two small islands in the river. In 1775, he with his two brothers, Jesse and Nathan Jones were among the early settlers along the Susquehanna river, in Luzerne county. In Sept. 1777, Benjamin Jones acquired as a member of the Susquehanna Co., fifty acres of land lying 1 mile north of Buttermilk Falls, in what is now Falls Township, Wyoming county, Pa. He settled there in 1791, and built the first tavern, which he conducted for a number of years. Mr. Jones had near his Inn a Still house, which did a business of fair proportions, and constituted a valuable auxiliary to his tavern.

Another of Mr. Jones's enterprises was the building of a store, which he kept during 1806-07, for many years the settlement was known as Jones Town. Salt, which at that time was the principal article of commerce cost four dollars per bushel, the salt was necessary for preserving the Shad which the settlers took from the river, it being their only article of meat diet. The bears claimed and enforced the first right to all hogs. This was the most thickly inhabited part of what now constitutes Falls Township, Wyoming county. Cloth was made from nettles that grew on the place. The first clothing was made from the skin of deer, tanned by a composition made from the brains of the deer and buffed with a ball made of yellow clay

rubbed over the surface of leather, which added a beautiful luster to its appearance. A buckskin coat, breeches and leather apron constituted the winter apparel, and during the summer a nettle shirt and leather breeches formed the only raiment.

Benjamin Jones died Dec. 7, 1813, in Jonestown, Wyoming Valley, Wyoming county, Pa. Elizabeth, his wife, died Dec. 1, 1825, in Luzerne county, Pa.

During Benjamin Jones's career letter postage for 40 miles was 10 cents, 150 miles, 17 cents, 500 miles, 25 cents.

A recorded list of the soldiers from Western Connecticut, in the Revolutionary war of 1776, states that all the able-bodied men in Western Connecticut, between the age of 16 and 60 years was marched to New York by order of General George Washington; that during the entire war Woodbury was recruiting headquarters for Connecticut territory. Lieut. Benjamin Jones and Col. J. Benedict were in the list; at that time a strip of Northern Pennsylvania, including Wyoming Valley and a strip of New York, also of Massachusetts, formed a part of Connecticut territory. (Connecticut History).

Col. Benedict married Hannah Misner. He was soldier in the Revolutionary war, and was first appointed Lieutenant in 1778; and rank of Lieutenant Colonel, in 1779. The eldest child Sarah Benedict,

was married to Lewis Jones, first son of Lieut. Benjamin Jones, the fourth.

Col. Benedict's father, Thomas Benedict, the third, was born Nov. 9th, 1694; he married Abigail Hoyt, of Danbury, Conn., he died July 4th, 1776; his grandfather Thomas Benedict, Sr. was born in 1617, in Nottinghamshire, England, came to America in 1638; first settled in Massachusetts, Old Bay Colony, where he was married to his step-sister, Mary Bridgum; few years later moved to Southold, Long Island. On March 20th, 1663, was appointed a magistrate by the Dutch Governor, Peter Stuyvesant; Dec. 3rd, 1663, was appointed Lieutenant of the town.

(5.) JUDGE LEWIS JONES, the first son of Benjamin, the fourth, and Elizabeth Jones, was born October 25, 1771, in Luzerne county, Pa. He married Sarah Benedict December 14, 1794. Sarah, his wife, was born April 20, 1775. They became the parents of twelve children namely; Ira, born December 14, 1795; Frances, born August 9, 1797; she married Elijah Sturtevant; Hannah, born August 22, 1799; married a Mr. Rogers; Isaac D. born March 7, 1801; Elijah, born April 19, 1803; Lord, born July 9, 1805; Lewis, born August 28, 1807; Gilbert W. born June 16, 1809; John B. born August 13, 1811; Mary Ann, born September 17, 1813; Sallie Ann, born December 25, 1815;

married a Mr. Houston Courtright; Benjamin fifth born January 17, 1820.

Lewis Jones died February 22, 1848; Sarah, his wife, died February, 1850.

(6.) REV. ISAAC D. JONES, son of Judge Lewis Jones, the first, and Sarah Benedict Jones, was born in Carbondale, Luzerne county, Pa., March 7, 1801; he was a graduate of the Wilkesbarre Academy, Wilkesbarre, Pa.; he then studied for the ministry. After being ordained he was assigned the pastorate of a church in Pittston, Pa.

(6.) JUDGE LEWIS JONES, the second, son of Lewis Jones, the first, and Sarah Benedict Jones, was born in Exeter Town, Luzerne county, Pa., Aug. 28, 1807. He married Anna Maria Gibson, June 15, 1836; she was a native of Oswego county, N. Y. and daughter of William Gibson of New York City. To this union two children were born, namely: William Gibson Jones, born in Carbondale, Pa., 1837; Lewis Meredith Jones, born in Carbondale, Pa., April 30, 1840. Judge Lewis Jones was educated in Wilkesbarre Academy, studied law with Chester Butler, was appointed to the bar in 1834, and practiced and resided in that city, also Carbondale and Scranton, Pa., for a number of years. In 1851, while a resident of Carbondale, he drew the charter and had the town incorporated as a city. In

1855 he removed to Scranton, and in 1870 he was appointed by Governor Geary recorder of the Mayor's court of the city of Scranton, fulfilling the duties with credit to the city and county, but declined renomination. He resigned and retired from official position and the practice of law. He was successful in his profession, and acquired a large property. About the year 1872, he moved to the city of New York, where he made his home thereafter.

(6.) JOHN BENEDICT JONES, son of Lewis and Sarah Benedict Jones, was born in Exeter township, Luzerne county, Pa., Aug. 13, 1811; he married Lydia Frothingham in 1842 and never removed from that neighborhood. His life was devoted to agricultural pursuits, and in matters of citizenship he was progressive, and public spirited, giving loyal support to the Republican party. For more than half a century he served as a deacon in the Baptist church. Three children were born to them⁷. Fannie F. born May 24, 1853; she is the wife of Robert J. Davies; ⁷Elizabeth C. born November 20, 1855; one son⁷, Lewis B. Jones, born April 27, 1857.

(7.) LEWIS B. JONES, the fifth, son of John Benedict Jones and Lydia, was born April 27, 1857, at the old home in Exeter township, Luzerne county, Pa., was educated at Bucknall University; on completing his

education he devoted his entire time to the operating of his farm, until 1882, when he moved to West Pittston; he then engaged in merchandise. He has been for some time recognized as a local leader in the Republican party, and for three years served as member of Council, at west Pittston. Was borough president for four years, tax collector for three years. Mr. Jones married Adelia White, daughter of Milo E. White, they are the parents of five children, ⁸Edith L. born January 8, 1887; ⁸Jeanette P. born August 4, 1889; now deceased. Ruth A. born June 1, 1891; ⁸Grace E. born December 13, 1893; ⁸Camilla, born August 23, 1896; (deceased).

(6.) BENJAMIN JONES, the seventh son of Judge Lewis Jones, and Sarah Benedict Jones, was born Jan'y. 17th, 1820, in Luzerne county, Pennsylvania; he was married to Caroline Arista Harvey, March 6th, 1842, at Harveyville, Luzerne county, Pa. Caroline Harvey Jones, daughter of Oscar Harvey and wife, was born May 13th, 1822, at Harveyville, the town being named for her father. Mr. and Mrs. Jones had but one child, Sarah Elizabeth Jones; she was born July 20th, 1843, in the town of Exeter, Luzerne county, Pa.

Caroline Jones, wife of Benjamin Jones, the second, died Nov. 7th, 1846, at Harveyville; after her

death Sarah Elizabeth Jones was reared by her grandparents, (the Harveys), at Harveyville.

Benjamin Jones, after his marriage to Caroline Arista Harvey, for several years operated the Harveyville grist mills, which were owned by his father-in-law, Oscar J. Harvey. Benjamin Jones was married a second time; to this union several children were born, but there is no record of names. Benjamin Jones died Sept. 27th, 1891, at Toledo Ohio, while visiting in that city.

(7.) SARAH ELIZABETH JONES, daughter of Benjamin Jones, and Caroline Harvey Jones was born July 20th, 1843, in the town of Exeter, Luzerne county, Pa. Sarah Elizabeth Jones was married to a Mr. Norman Henry, on Jany. 16th, 1866, in Harveyville, Luzerne county. Her husband Norman Henry, was born April 14th, 1840, in Luzerne county.

(7.) COL. LEWIS MEREDITH JONES, born in Carbondale, Luzerne (now Lackawanna) county, Pa., April 30, 1840, is the son of Judge Lewis Jones, and grandson of Lewis Jones, of Luzerne county, Pa., a branch of the old Jones family of Long Island and Fairfield, Conn. He is also descended from the Benedicts, of Fairfield, Conn., and Orange county, N. Y.; while through his mother, a daughter of William Gibson, of New York City, he is descended from the

English family of Wharton. He received his education at the Luzerne Presbyterian Institute, of Wyoming, Pa., studied law with his father at Scranton, and was about to enter Columbia College Law School in 1862 when he decided instead to become a volunteer. Previously in 1861 he had organized a company of 70 men for military drill, and to prepare for service, and of this company no less than 48 became commissioned officers during the Civil War, some of them attaining high rank.

In 1862 Mr. Jones enlisted as a commissioned officer of company E, One Hundred and Forty-ninth Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, and served as personal aide on the staff of Major-General Abner Doubleday, and participated in the battles of Chancellorville and Gettysburg, and a number of lesser engagements.

At Gettysburg, as aide, he brought up the first battery that opened fire, while during the fight of the third day he had a horse shot under him. Later he was assigned to the command of Company B in the same regiment, and was afterward offered the command of a new regiment by Governor Curtin, which he declined.

He resumed his law studies at the close of the war, and was admitted to the bar at Scranton in 1869. He practiced at Scranton until 1876, when he removed to New York City. He is a member of the Lafayette

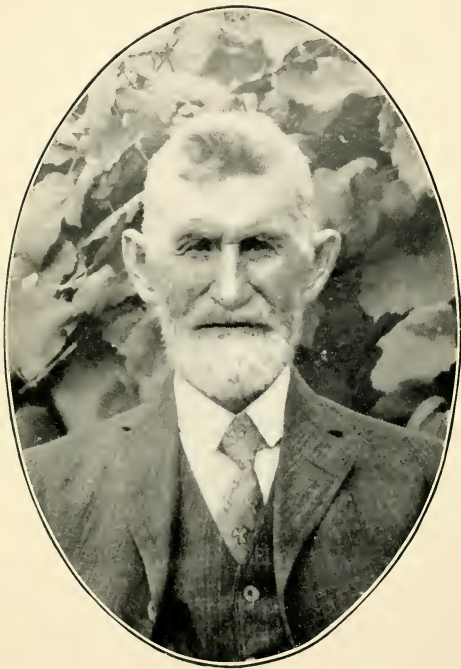
Post, 140, Grand Army of the Republic, and has been junior and senior vice commander, and delegate to the department encampment.

He is a member of the Society of the Sons of the Revolution and of Kane Lodge, F. and A. M. He is also a member of the West-Side Republican and Colonial clubs. In 1894 he was urged to become a candidate for the New York Assembly by the Republican and Good Government clubs of his district, but declined. He was married in 1864 to Delia Silliman Mitchell, daughter of the late William Minot Mitchell, and granddaughter of the late William Silliman. He has one daughter, ^sAnnie Meredith Jones, wife of G. F. Warren, of the New York law firm of Anderson, Anderson & Warren.

(7.) WILLIAM GIBSON JONES, who was admitted to the bar of Luzerne county, Pa., April 10, 1861 a son of Judge Lewis Jones, was born in Carbondale, Pa., in October 1837. He was educated at Luzerne Institute, Wyoming, Pennsylvania, and read law with his father at Scranton, and with Peter McCall, in Philadelphia. He practiced for a while in Scranton and subsequently removed to New York, where he continued practicing his profession. Mr. Jones married, in 1875, Lula V. Wakefield, a daughter of Ward H. Wakefield. Mr. and Mrs. Jones have one son.

(5.) JAMES JONES, a son of Benjamin Jones and Elizabeth Jones, was born Dec. 4th, 1779, in Luzerne county, Pa.; James Jones came from Wilkesbarre, Pa., to Canisteo, N. Y. in 1800; later he moved to Steuben county, near Arkport, N. Y. He was a farmer by occupation. He married Mary Shaw a native of Luzerne county, Pa., Jany. 9th, 1816; Mary Shaw Jones his wife, was born Dec. 18th, 1800. They had a family of eight children, namely:—Philander S., Palmer, Mary Ann, Spencer B., Keziah, Catherine, Elizabeth and Lewis M.

Mr. Jones was one of the early pioneers of Steuben county, N. Y. having settled in the county several years prior to his marriage. He settled first at Canisteo, and followed farming and lumbering, and was also engaged in rafting on the Canisteo river. He shortly settled at Arkport and was employed for a time in a warehouse. Arkport was the head of navigation at that time. Before his marriage he located in Dansville in the immediate neighborhood where he continued to reside. He settled on a farm in 1815 now owned by his son Spencer B. Jones. At one time he had a farm of some 300 acres. He was the first teacher in the town, also held some minor offices. He was a man respected by all who knew him, he reared his family to maturity, and like himself, they too were respected citizens of the community wherein



SPENCER B. JONES.

they resided. In politics Mr. Jones was a Jefferson democrat. He was a member of the Evening Star Lodge No. 44, (Masonic). In the military record of Gen'l. Ransom Rathbone, we find of record that James Jones was a member of Co. F., 107th N. Y. Vol. Mary Jones, his wife died Dec. 26th, 1855; James Jones died Dec. 14th, 1861, age 82 years.

(6.) PHILANDER S. JONES, son of James and Mary Shaw Jones, was born in Burns, Steuben county, N. Y., May 16, 1818; Mr. Jones was raised on the farm and educated in the public schools; after his maturity he engaged in farming until 1866, when he embarked in the mercantile business; also, he was Postmaster of Burns for nearly 25 years.

(6.) SPENCER B. JONES, son of James Jones, and Mary Shaw Jones, was born in Dansville, N. Y., Aug. 5th, 1824; he lived on his father's farm until he was 24 years of age, then engaged as foreman on a railroad in Ohio for one year, then returned to his father's farm, which has been his place of residence ever since. He married Elizabeth C. Weldy, daughter of William and Elizabeth Weldy, of Pennsylvania, April 12th, 1855. She was born Sept. 15th, 1834, and died Oct. 18th, 1867; she was a member of the Baptist

church. Of this union three children were born; namely:—Addie J., Mattie E. and Carrie E.

Mr. Jones married his present wife, Miss Margaret E., daughter of William and Sally Ann Woolever, of Dansville, N. Y., Dec. 24th, 1868; she was born April 26th, 1842; they have one daughter Ethel M. Mr. Jones is a democrat in politics. He held office as assessor of the town for eleven years. Mr. and Mrs. Jones are worthy members of the Baptist church. He has a good farm in Dansville, situated on the road between Arkport and Dansville. The old home was the first public house in that town, in 1806. The farm consists of about 160 acres of good land, well watered and improved. He is a respected citizen of the town, and well worthy of a place in the history of his native country.

Spencer Jones and wife are at this date living on the old homestead, where he was born, he is now in his 88th year, and is the oldest one of this branch of the Jones family, living at this time of record.

(7.) MISS ETHEL M. JONES, daughter of Spencer B. Jones and his second wife, Margaret E. Woolever, was born in the town of Hornellsville, Steuben county, N. Y. She was married to Waldo M. Kreidler, Nov. 25, 1896; to this union one child was born, Nov. 7, 1908, at Hornellsville, N. Y., where they now live.

(5.) MAJOR JONES, Sr., son of Benjamin Jones, the fourth, and Elizabeth, was born in the year of 1777; he was married to Sarah Townsend in Wyoming Valley, Luzerne county, Pa. To this union eight children were born, namely: James T., Uriah, Lyman, Major, Jr., Minor, Elizabeth, Matilda and Susan.

In 1795 he moved to Canisteo, and after a residence there of some years he moved to Dansville, Steuben county, N. Y., locating on the J. H. Florey farm. The journey up the river to Canisteo was made with flat boats, on which the household goods were brought, while the cattle were driven along the banks. The Indians furnished them with corn. His house was the only one between Arkport and Dansville.

(6.) JAMES T. JONES, son of Major Jones, Sr., and Sarah Townsend, had five children, namely: George W. Jones, Wilson Jones, Howard Jones, Edward O. Jones and Frank O. Jones.

(6.) URIAH JONES, son of Major Jones, Sr., and Sarah Townsend, was married and had a son, Claude Jones.

Major Jones, Jr., was the son of Major and Sarah Townsend Jones. Major Jones, Jr., with his brother, Minor Jones, went west; there is no record as to where they located.

(6.) ELIZABETH JONES, daughter of Major Jones, Sr., and Sarah Townsend Jones, was married to Hon. Asa McConnell, in 1825; he was born in Orange county, N. Y., Feb. 4, 1801; Elizabeth, his wife, was born in Hornellsville, N. Y., Sept. 18, 1805. To this union seven children were born, namely: Benton, Philo F., Floyd T., Mrs. A. J. Ward of Madison, Wis., Mrs. Warren P. Cook of Genosee, Ill., Mrs. T. Young, and Miss Jennie of Hornellsville, N. Y. Mr. McConnell remained on his farm until 1867; then he moved to Hornellsville and engaged in business with his sons, Philo F. and Benton. They purchased a planing manufacturing plant. After his death, the sons continued the business. Claude Jones, their cousin, son of Uriah Jones, was secretary and treasurer of the company.

(6.) MATILDA JONES, daughter of Major Jones, Sr., and Sarah Townsend, married a Mr. Robertson.

(6.) SUSAN JONES, daughter of Major Jones, Sr., and Sarah Townsend, married a Mr. McIntosh.

(5.) JOHN R. JONES, son of Benjamin Jones, fourth, and Elizabeth Jones, was born A. D. 1781. Further information from Prof. W. W. Clayton's History of Steuben county, N. Y., states that John R. Jones kept the first hotel in Rathboneville, owned by Gen.

Ransom Rathbone. Unable to secure any more information.

(5.) POLLY JONES, daughter of Benjamin Jones, fourth, and Elizabeth Jones, was born about the year 1787 and she was married to a Mr. Ousterhout of Pennsylvania, where they went to live.

-(5.) SALLY JONES, daughter of Benjamin Jones, fourth, and Elizabeth Jones, was born the year 1789, and she was married to a Mr. Sterling of Pennsylvania, where they went to live.

(5.) ELIZABETH JONES, youngest daughter of Benjamin Jones, fourth, and Elizabeth Jones, was born A. D. 1792. The latest information was that she had not married.

(8.) HOWARD L. JONES for several years was engaged in the printing business in New York City. About the year 1909 he disposed of his interest and entered the real estate and loan business in New York City. He is married; they live in New Jersey; was unable to ascertain further information.

(5.) HARRY JONES (I), son of Benjamin Jones, the fourth, and Elizabeth Jones, was born May 11, 1783; he was married A. D. 1809 to Miss Ruth Earl of Dans-

ville, N. Y. Ten children were born to this union, namely: Benjamin, born 1810, in Steuben county, N. Y.; Sterling, born July 16, 1812, in Dansville, Steuben county, N. Y.; Lewis Otis, born 1814 in Dansville, Steuben county, N. Y.; Eunice M., born June 17, 1816, in Dansville, Steuben county, N. Y.; Jerome B., born Aug. 4, 1818, in Canada; George R., born Oct. 27, 1820, Dansville, Steuben county, N. Y.; Mary Ann, born in 1822, Dansville, Steuben county, N. Y.; Sarah Esther, born Aug. 22, 1826, in Burns, Alleghany county, N. Y.; Joseph Lyman, born Feb. 24, 1828, in Burns, Alleghany county, N. Y.; Andrew Jackson, born 1830, in Burns, Alleghany county, N. Y. Harry Jones and three of his brothers, James, John and Major, went from Wyoming county, Pa., to Steuben county, N. Y. They were among the early pioneer settlers of that vicinity. They first settled at Canisteo; later Harry Jones went to Dansville, and after his marriage he secured 120 acres of land on the road between Dansville and Hornellsville, but three miles from the latter, Steuben county; his farm was well provided with water and a variety of good timber. A few years later his brother James Jones purchased 160 acres of land adjoining his farm, thereafter they worked together improving their farms until they were in a high state of cultivation. After Harry Jones' sons grew to an age of usefulness on the farm his son Sterling Jones worked for

his uncle, James Jones, for two years during the crop season; during the winter months Harry Jones manufactured shoes; he was a talented violinist; generous at heart, and highly respected neighbor; his father was a veteran of the Revolutionary war. Harry Jones died June 4, 1836; after his death Mrs. Jones and family moved to Portage county, Ohio. Harry Jones (I) was a soldier in the Navy, doing service in the War of 1812, under the command of General Perry, on Lake Erie, who, in August, 1812, was commanding two heavy gun brigs, viz: The Lawrence and the Niagara, and seven smaller vessels, carrying two to five guns apiece. Commodore Barclay, the English Commander, had under his command, six English war vessels, but proved inferior both in metal and men. Commodore Barclay attempted unsuccessfully to prevent General Perry, with his American fleet, from sailing out to sea. They met the English fleet September 10th, early in the day. The two fleets were at once engaged in battle. The American flagship, Lawrence with General Perry, which led the line, was exposed to the combined fire from both sides of the English fleet, and lost four-fifths of her men. General Perry himself, firing the last gun, then having only the purser and chaplain on deck, he resolved to shift his flag to the sister ship, Niagara, which was yet comparatively fresh. Aboard the Niagara, he soon broke through the enemy's lines, with continuous firing

from each side, as they passed. Winning the fight, and capturing two English warships, two brigs, one schooner and one sloop, from which result, gave the Americans command of Lake Erie. While General William Henry Harrison had been preparing to invade Canada, he pressed the English Commodore and recaptured Detroit and Fort Erie, Harry Jones participating throughout the engagements.

(6.) BENJAMIN JONES, the sixth, first child of Harry and Ruth Jones, was born 1810, Steuben Co., State of New York. He was married A. D. 1833; unable to ascertain the maiden name of his wife, but know they had a son named Lewis O. Jones, born in Steuben Co., New York, in the year 1839. Benjamin Jones was a farmer, in politics first a Whig, was a Republican after its organization. He died at North Port, Ohio; no record of date.

(7.) LEWIS O. JONES, the fourth, and son of Benjamin Jones, was born A. D. 1839, went west in 1868 and located in Hudson, Wis., and engaged in farming; in 1873 he went to Sedalia, Mo., and was married there in the year 1874; he was a Republican; no further record.

(6.) STERLING JONES (I), son of Harry and Ruth Earl Jones, was born July 16, 1812, in Dansville, Steuben county, N. Y., where he was raised on his



STERLING JONES I.

father's farm. After he attained his majority, in 1833, he went to Delphi, Carroll county, Ind. It was there he met and married Elizabeth Sines, A. D. 1835; Elizabeth, his wife, was born December 10, 1814, in the State of Virginia. To this union twelve children were born, namely: William L., born Sept. 7, 1836, died May 14, 1838; Albert, born Nov. 26, 1837; Edwin Rathbone, born April 6, 1839; Jerome Bonaparte, born Aug. 10, 1841; Wilbur Earl, born Nov. 5, 1842; George Russell, born Feb. 8, 1845; Mary Jane, born Oct. 27, 1846, died August 4, 1848; Eunice Martha, born June 3, 1848; Henry Benson, born March 11, 1850; Ella E., born May 1, 1852, died Feb. 17, 1857; Sarah Elizabeth, born Jan. 4, 1855; Harvey John, born Jan. 1, 1859.

Mr. Jones followed farming and in his early days was also teacher of a singing school in Carroll county, Ind. In 1846 he moved by teams overland to Beloit, Rock county, Wis., where he secured a small farm in the Rock River Valley. The nearest market to dispose of his wheat crop and pork was Milwaukee, Wis., fifty-five miles distant, hauling it by teams, taking three to four days for the round trip. At that time wheat sold for 45 cents per bushel and pork \$1.50 per hundred-weight; supper, lodging and breakfast, hay and stabling horses at half-way house, charges were 50 cents. At that time the wheat crop was cut by the swing of the old grapevine cradle, laying it in continuous

swaths. Three to four acres per day was a big day's work. Four years later, learning of a tract of government land opening up to settlers in the northwest part of Wisconsin, he again moved. There being no railroad, he took his family and belongings by teams, driving overland to Galena, Ill., from there by steamboat up the Mississippi river, and St. Croix lake, to a little hamlet on the eastern side of the St. Croix lake, now the city of Hudson, St. Croix county. At that time remnants of the Sioux Indian tribe were still clinging onto their huts on the banks of the St. Croix; however, they were friendly and peaceable. He then settled on government land, A. D. 1851, on Hudson prairie, in the St. Croix valley. He had the distinction of being an early pioneer and a successful farmer. It was there that he reared his large family to industry and maturity. His farm contained 280 acres. Mr. Jones was in his early life a Whig, but always a staunch Republican from its inception; he held minor offices, that of street commissioner for several years, chairman of the school board, member of the town board. Mr. Jones and his wife Elizabeth were always loyal Baptists. About the year 1870 Mr. Jones purchased a comfortable home in the city of Hudson, Wis., where they lived thereafter, and where he died Nov. 5, 1874. Elizabeth, his wife, died Oct. 12, 1899, in the same house. Sterling Jones' grandfather was Lieutenant Benjamin Jones, who was



EDWIN RATHBONE JONES.

enlisted in the services of the Revolutionary war from 1777 to 1781.

(7.) ALBERT JONES, son of Sterling and Elizabeth Jones, was born Nov. 26, 1837, at Delphi, Ind. He was raised on his father's farm. After he had attained his majority he leased land and worked it on shares, in the St. Croix valley, Wisconsin. He was a member of the Baptist Church and choir; in politics a Republican. Oct. 8, 1861, he enlisted in Capt. Samuels Company F, First Regiment, Wisconsin Infantry Volunteers; he was appointed bugler of his regiment; after a siege of duty at Louisville, Ky., he died in the United States hospital for soldiers, March 5, 1862, from a hard relapse case of black measles. His body was taken to Delphi, Ind., and laid to rest in the Robinson burying grounds beside his brother William L. Jones, who died in 1838.

(7.) EDWIN RATHBONE JONES, son of Sterling and Elizabeth Jones, was born April 6, 1839, at Delphi, Ind. He was married to Miss Katherine A. Boutwell April 7th, 1864, at Stillwater, Minn. Katherine was the daughter of a Presbyterian minister and was born Oct. 23, 1846, at Pokegama, Minn. To this union were born four sons, viz: Rodney C., Edwin L., William R. and Sterling B. Edwin R. Jones was raised on his father's farm near Hudson, Wis. After his marriage

he purchased a farm containing 200 acres in the township of Troy, St. Croix county, Wis., and he was a thoroughly successful farmer. About the year 1878 he sold this farm and purchased the old Boutwell homestead of 240 acres situated in the outskirts of Stillwater, Minn., where his wife Katherine was reared. There he continued farming and raising fine stock; they were widely known, and for many years were called the musical family, both vocal and instrumental, and they combined an excellent orchestra in their own family. Mr. Jones taught singing school; was chairman of board of supervisors of his town and always a staunch Republican. Edwin Rathbone Jones died at his home June 14th, 1888, at Stillwater, Minn. Katherine, his wife, died May 4th, 1909, in the same house where she was reared from infancy, and where she and Mr. Jones were married.

(8.) PROF. RODNEY CROOKS JONES, son of Edwin R. and Katherine Jones, was born March 15th, 1865, in the town of Troy, Wis. He was married to Miss Stella B. Lacombe Jan. 20th, 1891, at Stillwater, Minn. Stella, his wife, was born Dec. 27, 1872, at Stillwater, Minn. Mr. Jones was reared on his father's farm. During the last eighteen years he has been a music teacher and instructor of musicians in the city of Stillwater, Minn., where he owns a very comfort-



STERLING BOSHART JONES II.

able home on Court House Heights. Prof. Jones was a born musician, being able when 8 years old, after hearing a piece of music, to take his infant violin and practice until he mastered and played it. In 1910 they moved to Portland, Ore., where they now live. In politics Mr. Jones was a Republican. No children were born to this union.

(8.) EDWIN LYMAN JONES, son of Edwin R. and Katherine Jones, was born Jan. 5, 1867, in the town of Troy, St. Croix county, Wis., and died April 20th, 1889, at the old homestead, Stillwater, Minn. Mr. Jones was a farmer and single when he died. In politics a Republican.

(8.) WILLIAM RATHBONE JONES, son of Edwin R. and Katherine Jones, was born Nov. 23, 1869, in the town of Troy, St. Croix Co., Wis. He married Miss Luella J. Watterhouse, Dec. 19, 1894, at St. Paul, Minn. Luella, his wife, was born March 20, 1870. To this union three children were born. ⁹Hazel was born Jan. 16th, 1896, at Stillwater, Minn., and died Jan. 16, 1907, on her eleventh anniversary at Aylesbury, Northwest Territory, Canada. ⁹Lyle Jones was born Oct. 23, 1897, at Stillwater, Minn. ⁹Mildred Jones was born March 1, 1900, in the town of Troy, Wis. Mrs. Luella J. Jones, the mother of these children, died March 22, 1902, at Stillwater, Minn. William R. Jones was mar-

ried a second time to Miss Ella S. Johnstone, Dec. 26, 1905, at Regina Saskatchewan, Northwest Territory, Canada. Ella S., his wife, was born Nov. 19, 1885, in New Brunswick. To them were born two sons. William Franklin, born Oct. 28, 1906, at Aylesbury, Canada; Edgar Rodney, born Oct. 22, 1907, at Aylesbury, Canada. William Jones is a farmer and for several years he operated farms in Wisconsin and Minnesota. About the year 1903 he moved to Northwest Territory, Canada, and purchased a farm and is now a successful farmer. In politics he is a Republican.

(8.) STERLING BOSHART JONES (II), son of Edwin R. Jones and Katherine Jones, was born May 16th, 1875, at Troy, St. Croix Co., Wis. He was married to Anna Drechler Feb. 15th, 1899, at Hudson, Wis. Anna, his wife, was born Jan. 23d, 1878, at Houlton, St. Croix Co., Wis. Mr. Jones is a farmer. About the year 1905 he purchased a farm in Northwest Territory, Canada; in 1910 he sold that property and bought the old homestead farm near Stillwater, Minn.; that was the estate of his father and is an excellent rich farm, well watered with its fine meadows adapted to stock raising and dairy, as well as grain and small fruits. Mr. Sterling Jones is a natural musician, and in politics a Republican.

(7.) JEROME BONAPARTE JONES, (II) son of Sterling and Elizabeth Jones, was born Aug. 10, 1841,



JEROME BONAPARTE JONES II.

at Delphi, Ind. He was married to Maria Lavina Egbert, Nov. 15, 1862, at her home in Hammond, Wis. Maria Egbert Jones, his wife, was born Jan. 11, 1845, in the city of New York. She was the daughter of William and Elizabeth Egbert. Her father was a Methodist minister. Mr. and Mrs. Jones had six children born to them, namely: Albert Egbert, born May 13, 1865; Jesse May, born Jan. 25, 1869, died October 10, 1870; Charles Egbert, born May 31, 1871; Myra, born Jan. 19, 1877; Freeman J., born Jan. 15, 1879; Bertha, born May 20, 1881, died Aug. 4, 1881.

Jerome B. Jones was reared on his father's farm. When five years of age his parents, in 1846, moved with teams overland from Delphi, Ind., to Wisconsin. After his marriage, for several years he followed farming. At that time the market price for milling wheat was \$2.50 per bushel, and he was obliged to pay \$3 per bushel for seed wheat for his first crop. Coffee at that time was \$1 a pound, tea \$2.40 a pound, calico and muslin 40 to 50 cents a yard. In 1867 pork sold as high as \$40 per barrel. He harvested wheat that yielded thirty-five to forty bushels an acre. Once a going at that time, farmers made money. In the year of 1869 he purchased a rich farm in the Kinnickinnic valley, St. Croix county, Wis. A beautiful trout stream flowed through his farm, where in season a red speckled trout catch before breakfast was his hobby. About the year

1877 he sold his Kinnickinnie farm, and then bought 400 acres of land in the Mann valley, town of Troy, St. Croix county. After improving it into a state of high cultivation, he leased it out on shares. In the year of 1900 he bought the old homestead farm, which contained 240 acres, on which he was raised, located in St. Croix valley $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from the city of Hudson, in St. Croix county; this farm he also leased out on shares for many years. In the campaign of 1872 he was the farmers' candidate on the Republican ticket for the office of treasurer of St. Croix county, and was elected by an overwhelming majority. After serving as county treasurer he was again, in 1877, the farmers' candidate on the Republican ticket and was elected sheriff of St. Croix county. In 1888 he was elected delegate and participated in the Methodist general conference held in the city of New York. He was elected an alderman, serving two terms in Hudson, Wis., and school commissioner four years. He was district manager for the McCormick Harvester Machinery Co., for twenty-five years, was their general agent for four years, with headquarters at Eau Claire, Wis., up to 1907; general agent for the International Harvester Co. of America. Mr. Jones is a stockholder in the Jones Lumber and Implement Co., of Lisbon, N. D. He has since the seventies been a member of the Free Masons lodge. In 1907 Mr. Jones retired from active business life. Both



HON. ALBERT EGBERT JONES.



Mr. and Mrs. Jones were always earnest Christian workers, and members of the Methodist Church. Maria Egbert Jones, wife of Jerome B. Jones, died Aug. 16, 1907, at their home in Hudson, Wis. Jerome B. Jones was married a second time, to Miss Elizabeth T. Tinker, of Eau Claire, Wis., on Aug. 30, 1909, at St. Paul, Minn., at the home of Miss Tinker's sister. Elizabeth, his wife, was born April 17, 1860, in Eau Claire, Wis., their home now being Hudson, Wis., the town where Mr. Jones with his parents settled some sixty years ago. Mr. Jones' only daughter, Myra (single) lives with them. Mr. Jones has always been a staunch Republican.

(8.) HON. ALBERT EGBERT JONES, son of Jerome B. and Maria Jones, was born May 13th, 1865, in the town of Richmond, Wis. He married Miss Blanche Durrell May 13th, 1890, at Mitchell, South Dakota. Blanche, his wife, was born July 3rd, 1868, in Manchester, N. H. To this union three children were born, namely: ¹Jerome B. Jones, third, born Sept. 13th, 1892; ²Marshall D., born Dec. 10th, 1895; ³Grace Lorraine, born March 2nd, 1900; all three being born at Fargo, N. D.

After Albert Jones graduated at the Northern University, Evanston, Ill., he worked as assistant to his father in the machine business at Hudson, Wis. In

1886 he was appointed a district traveling agent for the McCormick Harvester Machine Co., with headquarters at Sioux Falls, S. D. In 1890 he was appointed general agent for the Aultman Miller Machine Co., with headquarters at Fargo, N. D. After a successful period, a few years later he engaged in the land and loan business at Fargo; a year or two thereafter he transferred his business to Lisbon, N. D., and made that city his home.

Mr. Jones' faith in North Dakota was soon established, and he wisely foresaw the great advantages of its vast prairies and rich soil that were open for development. He quickly grasped the idea of advertising and encouraging immigration to that section; then he began using every effort, establishing his enrolling post at Minneapolis, Minn., where he would organize and make up an excursion, and soon thereafter he would have them located on the rich lands of North Dakota. During the past ten years Mr. Jones has constantly kept up his untiring efforts in locating homeseekers by the scores in his State, who have prospered from his advice and influence. Active and exacting as have been his transactions in real estate, Mr. Jones has served his community in various capacities with fidelity. He was mayor of Lisbon for five years; he was elected state representative to the Legislature, beginning his duties in the session of 1907, where he was



CHARLES EGBERT JONES.

noted for his broad views. He is president of the Jones Lumber & Implement Company, at Lisbon, N. D. He is a Mason, Shriner, and a member of the Elks. The family are all members of the Episcopal Church. In politics Mr. Jones is a Republican, and an energetic worker for the party.

(8.) CHARLES EGBERT JONES, son of Jerome B. and Maria Jones, was born May 31, 1871, at Kinnickinnie, St. Croix county, Wis. He moved with his parents to Hudson, Wis., in 1872, in which city he was reared and educated, graduating from the Hudson high school in 1890; hence to Curtis Business College, St. Paul, Minn., completing his course in the fall of the same year. During the years of 1891-92 he attended the Hamline University, of Hamline, Minn. After having completed his education, he was for a period of three years assistant to his father, who at that time was district agent for the McCormick Harvesting Machine Co., in the local trade at Hudson, Wis. In the years of 1892-93 Mr. Jones was general traveler for the Aultman Miller Co. of Akron, Ohio, with headquarters at Wilmar, Minn. Following this period he became general agent for the Van Brunt Manufacturing Co. of Horicon, Wis., remaining with that company from 1894 to 1899, with headquarters at Fargo, N. D.

Mr. Jones was married to Miss Harriett Campbell at Fargo, N. D., May 8, 1895. Harriett Campbell, his

wife, was born Oct. 30, 1874, at Detroit, Minn. To this union two children were born, namely: ⁹Ernest Egbert Jones, born Jan. 22, 1897, died Feb. 18, 1898, at Fargo, N. D. ⁹Dorothy Esther Jones, born Aug. 17, 1902; both children being born at Fargo, N. D.

Mr. Jones, after resigning his position with the Van Brunt Manufacturing Co., accepted the appointment of general traveler for the Deere and Webber Co., of Minneapolis, Minn., for the State of North Dakota. His headquarters were at Fargo; he continued his services until 1904, at which time he resigned to engage and organize a stock company with his brothers, Albert E. and Freeman L. Jones, under the incorporate name Jones Lumber and Implement Co. This firm located at Lisbon, N. D., and he is now secretary and treasurer, also general manager of the same, and under his supervision it has proven a prosperous concern. Mr. and Mrs. Jones are members of the Methodist Church. He is a Republican. Their home is in Lisbon, N. D.

(8.) FREEMAN JEROME JONES, son of Jerome B. and Maria Jones, was born Jan. 15th, 1879, at Hudson, Wis. His early education was derived in the schools at Hudson, Wis. In the year of 1897 he completed his education in the business college of Fargo, N. D. In the year of 1898 he accepted a position as stenographer and bookkeeper with the Fargo Mercan-



FREEMAN J. JONES.

tile Company, the following year he was promoted to general traveling agent. In the years of 1903-04 he was general traveling salesman for the firm of Ferris & Grady, merchants of Fargo, N. D. During the latter year he resigned this position, and went to Lisbon, N. D., together with his brothers, Albert and Charles Jones, and aided in organizing the Jones Lumber and Implement Company in that city, becoming one of the stockholders and being elected treasurer of the company. In the fall of 1908 he disposed of his interest in the Jones Lumber and Implement Company, and became associated with the firm of Daniels and Albert Jones, Land and Realty Company, located at Minneapolis, Minn. In 1911 he resigned and is now identified with the Deere-Webber Co. of Minneapolis. Mr. Jones in politics is a Republican. He is single.

(8.) MYRA JONES, daughter of Jerome and Maria Jones, his wife, was born Jan. 19th, 1877, at Hudson, Wis. She has always lived with her parents and is single.

(7.) WILBUR EARL JONES, son of Sterling and Elizabeth Jones, was born Nov. 5, 1842, at Delphi, Ind. He was reared on his father's farm; after his maturity he remained home assisting his father on the farm for several years, and remained single. He was a Baptist;

in politics, a Republican. He died Feb. 18, 1869, at the old homestead town of Hudson, Wis.

(7.) GEORGE RUSSELL JONES (The II) (Author of the Jones Genealogy), son of Sterling and Elizabeth Jones, was born Feb. 8th, 1845, at Delphi, Ind. He married Miss Ellen Eldora Savage, Jan. 1st, 1867, at her home in the town of Troy, St. Croix county, Wis. Ellen Savage Jones, his wife, was born June 3, 1850, at Portland, Maine. This was the occasion of a double marriage, a brother and sister from each of the Jones and Savage families also wedding at that time. There were born to George R. and Ellen Savage Jones, his wife, three children, viz: Ira Clifford, Orrin Delos and George Wesley Jones. George Wesley was born Nov. 8th, 1879, at Independence, Kansas, and died June 5th, 1880. After his marriage, George R. Jones for three years endeavored to follow farming, but results from his wounds received in the War 1861-1865 debarred him from such laborious work and in 1872 he moved to Waukesha, Wis. He engaged in the insurance business and kept a boarding house. In 1875, disposing of his boarding house and insurance business, they moved to Independence, Kansas, there he engaged in the land business and improvement of farms. In 1880 he was the Republican candidate for clerk of the Circuit Court of Montgomery county, Kansas. His health fail-

ing during the campaign work, he withdrew and returned to Waukesha, Wis., and purchased the Mansion House; in 1882 he sold this hotel, and for a year was local reporter for the St. Paul Daily Globe and later the Chicago Herald. In 1883 he went to North Dakota and took a government claim of 160 acres, and a tree claim of 160 acres, and in 1884 he commuted the government claim. He then took a pre-emption claim of 160 acres, and in 1885 he commuted that; all of them near Ellendale, Dickey county, in the James River valley, North Dakota. After having extensive improvements made thereon, he disposed of this 480 acre farm. In 1886 he again returned to Waukesha, Wis., and built the Spring City hotel, the largest in the city at that time, which proved a successful enterprise. In 1890 he bought the American House at Waukesha, operating the two hotels. In 1892 his American House at Waukesha burned to the ground. The same year he organized a stock company and built a 400-room stone and brick hotel at Jackson Park, Chicago, Ill., of which he was superintendent of construction—and was elected general manager—he named the house the Waukesha Apartmental Hotel, and opened it in the spring of 1893 for the World's Fair trade, doing a large business. In 1894 Mr. Jones ventured to Hot Springs, Ark., there he leased and fitted up a large new hotel; he also named it the Waukesha

Hotel. In 1897 he leased the Hay House (150 rooms) in Hot Springs, Ark., but he sold this to his sons Ira C. and Orrin D. Jones, who were associated with him in operating his chain of hotels. In 1902 Mr. Jones secured the Dewey Hotel at Washington, D. C., having a large Congressional patronage; in 1903 he bought the lease and furniture of the twelve-story Pierrpont Hotel in 32nd St., New York City, which his son Orrin D. Jones took over and operated. Disposing of his Hot Springs hotels in 1905, Mr. Jones bought the Rockwood Hotel and Casino at Cairo, Catskill Mountains, New York State, a summer resort, disposing of his Dewey Hotel at Washington, D. C., in the winter of 1905. Mr. Jones leased and operated the well-known West End hotels and cottages containing 800 rooms on the seashore at Long Branch, N. J., having 360 help on the pay roll, and about 1000 guests. In the fall of 1905 Mr. Jones leased a new 350-room hotel in 47th St. and Broadway, New York City, naming it the Lexington Hotel; after having it fully equipped he formed a stock company and sold an interest to each of his two sons; they incorporated under the name of the Lexington Hotel Co., with George R. Jones president of the company. In 1873 Mr. Jones was elected city treasurer of Waukesha, Wis., and was marshal one term. He is a Past Chancellor Commander and member of the Grand Lodge of Knights of Pythias; was a



GEORGE RUSSELL JONES II.

State representative three years; two years chairman of the Republican Club; member of the Republican county committee three years; was member of board of Horticultural Society of Kansas, and a director of the school board. He is a member of the Cushman Post No. 19, G. A. R., and a director of the post for three years. Ellen Savage Jones, his wife, is a member of the D. A. R. and eligible to Colonial Dames. Mr. Jones in politics was always a Republican. Mr. and Mrs. Jones are members of the Baptist Church. Dec. 1911, they moved to California; first of January, 1912, they located in Pasadena, Cal., where they established their future home. Mr. Jones with his son Orrin Delos Jones are associated Real Estate and Hotel Brokers, doing business in Los Angeles, which is but nine miles from Pasadena, with 118 electric trains daily between the cities.

IN THE CIVIL WAR.

By J. A. Watrous, Adjutant-General Iron Brigade.

(7.) GEORGE RUSSELL JONES (II), son of Sterling and Elizabeth Jones, enlisted in the Union army, Nov. 5, 1863, at La Crosse, Wis.; after a course of preliminary drilling and army tactics, at Camp Randall, Madison, Wis., he was transferred to Fortress Monroe, Md., where he did guard duty; later he was transferred

to City Point, Virginia. From City Point, Comrade Jones was sent with a squad of Wisconsin recruits to the front, and was assigned to Co. A, 6th Regt. Infy. Wisconsin Volunteers 3rd (the famous Iron Brigade), 5th Army Corps, Army of the Potomac, Gen. Warren in command. The 2nd, 6th and 7th Wisconsin, 19th Indiana and 24th Michigan regiments composed the Iron Brigade, which was doing service along the line fronting Petersburg, Va. After a rigid training of squad drilling and front picket duty, Mr. Jones participated in the battles that followed, viz.: Stony Creek—Warrens, six days' raid on the Weldon railroad, destroying twenty miles of track and telegraph lines, which severed communication between Wilmington and Savannah, attacking the enemy at every point, and capturing many prisoners during the raid. He fought in the battle of Dabner Mills, and the battles of Hatcher's Run, the siege of Petersburg. In January, 1865, Mr. Jones was appointed sergeant of his company. On Feb. 4th, General Warren ordered the 5th army corps out at 2 o'clock a.m. to advance and intercept confederate freight teams, hauling goods into Petersburg, as the railroads were put out of commission. During the march they encountered marshy land overflowed by a freshet with water two to three feet deep for a quarter of a mile and frozen over; they started to walk across, but all broke through, then

breaking the ice at every step, they waded across on a freezing cold day; toward evening they camped in the woods on the snow and frozen ground. Sergeant Jones was detailed with a squad from his company to join the squads of other companies along the line, as scouts, and form a front picket line; they advanced close to the enemy's trenches, and soon were engaged in a lively skirmish, resulting in Sergeant Jones and his squad returning with thirty prisoners. Ninety-five wagon loads of valuable stores (goods) were captured during the raid. Nearing the close of the Rebellion, Comrade Jones was wounded three times in line of battle, when advancing on the Confederates' fortifications, fronting Petersburg. Sergeant Jones distinguished himself for bravery, when leading his company in the battle of Hatcher's Run, charging the enemy in the thickest of the fight on Feb. 6th, 1865. The fighting had assumed a terrific onslaught from the pouring of shot and shell from the Confederates' fortifications; after Jones had discharged thirty-eight rounds with his Springfield rifle, first received a gunshot wound from the enemy's breastworks, a minnie ball passing straight through his left foot, felling him to the ground; he suddenly raised himself and hobbled on one foot to a tree, leaning against it for support. He continued firing several more rounds, then becoming weak and faint he turned to hop a few steps to a small stream for

water; as he did so, the explosion of a bomb shell from the Confederates' fortifications blew Sergeant Jones high in the air, landing him on his back thirty feet distant, on the frozen ground, on the elevated bank across the creek; comrades hurried to his aid, finding him unconscious and blood gushing from his side, which was mutilated in a terrible manner. After examining him they passed on, reporting their comrade dead, the shell cutting a ghastly hole in his right side, tearing a large portion of his hip bone away—but he was only unconscious. Jones thought, when the shell struck him, that he was cut literally in two, but when he came to, he was surprised to find that he had only lost part of his right hip and was awake to the fact that the shot and shell were flying thick, ploughing the ground around him, one ball tearing through the sleeve of his coat, and a bombshell whistling through the air, striking the ground close to him, throwing flakes of frozen dirt on him. Realizing he was in imminent danger, being in direct line of the enemy's artillery and sharpshooters, although completely paralyzed from his waist down, yet with his energy and will power, he reached his hands over his shoulders, with his head upturned clinching to the grass, frozen huddles and twigs; in this manner he pulled himself on his back, head first, down to the bank of the creek; he was still in danger. In order to further shield himself, with his head turned

up stream, he caught hold of a weeping willow limb overhanging the water, then pulled until his wounded and paralyzed body and limbs rolled into the swift current of the stream; there he clung with one hand with a deathly grip to the willow twig, and the other hand under his head holding it up to keep his mouth and nose above the water, while the gushing stream of icy water swayed his wounded body to and fro. It was a terrible shock, and risk, to gain a place of safety, from the firing line, and as time passed on, growing weak and numb in the icy water, what could he do? To let go, so helpless, would be to go down with the current. All of a sudden the army having exhausted their supply of ammunition, were ordered back in great haste; he heard the troops coming, saw some of the comrades cross the creek above him, and some just below him, expecting every moment in their haste and excitement by their jumping into the water he would be struck by the retreating forces. As he heard the continuous firing and cannonading, and shouting from the oncoming rebels, he begged and pleaded with all his strength to the retreating comrades to take him to the rear, though he died in the attempt on the way, to take his body, and not allow him to fall into the hands of the rebels; many replied if they stopped to take him they would be captured or lose their own lives. Finally as the rear column was swiftly passing an offi-

cer moving close to him, hearing his pitiful cries, then recognized Sergeant Jones; quickly he commanded a squad of soldiers crossing the creek, to assist him in taking the wounded soldier along; appealing more earnestly, he induced four comrades to turn and assist, jumping back into the stream up to their waists, they drew a rubber blanket under the wounded soldier; after lifting him out of the water, with one hold of each corner, the four men started on a double quick with the retreating forces, carrying their precious charge in the gum blanket. The oncoming rebels kept up a constant firing, and yelling, as they advanced nearer to them; they had gone perhaps a quarter of a mile through the woods, underbrush and over logs, when a minnie ball struck the wounded soldier's back, inflicting a painful wound, and ripping the gum blanket, causing him to fall through upon the frozen ground. There were frantic appeals from the three times wounded soldier, to be carried along and escape capture, but it seemed impossible; they had no way to carry him.

Sergeant Jones replied to carry him on the guns; then guns were quickly laid one on each side of him, throwing his arms over one end, and his legs over the other end of the guns; with a man at each end, they continued their hasty retreat, the four soldiers relieving each other every now and then, with the wounded

soldier's body hanging down between the guns in loop fashion. The ordeal caused him intense pain and suffering, but he still insisted that he preferred the suffering than to be left to fall into the hands of the Confederates; in this agonizing position he was carried a mile, through brush and over fallen trees, with the enemy in hot pursuit. Just before reaching Hatcher's Run they met the relief army, the 6th and 9th army corps, advancing double quick to halt the incoming rebels. After a savage skirmish they drove the rebels back to their fortifications and held their ground. The Union army's loss was 1292 killed and wounded, 180 missing. The Confederates' loss was 1200 killed and wounded. On arriving at Hatcher's Run river with the wounded comrade they found the bridge blockaded, and after securing a stretcher on which they placed the wounded comrade, they started to wade across the river and were soon in water up to their necks. In the middle of the river, with the stretcher on their shoulders, one of the bearers stepped into a hole and went down out of sight, tilting the stretcher, throwing the wounded soldier in the swift current; down he went out of sight; coming up some distance below; one of the bearers who was an expert swimmer caught him just as he was sinking, then floating the stretcher down under him, and dipping him up out of the water, they slid it on their shoulders, and pro-

ceeded to the opposite shore. It was then getting dark and freezing cold; two of the faithful carriers were ordered back across the river. Within ten minutes after getting out of the river, his clothes rattled with ice; he was trembling and chilled to the freezing point. Those left in charge of him stripped their coats and put over him. They still had a mile and a half to carry the poor unfortunate comrade, who was fast losing strength, but he had an unlimited amount of courage. These two kind and nearly exhausted soldiers started on the journey through the woods to the battlefield hospital, carrying the wounded comrade, who was suffering untold agony; they took the wrong trail and lost the way, and it was after 9 o'clock when they reached the field hospital. This was a rough place where burning fence rails were piled in circles, with straw placed a few feet back, around the fire circle. It was on that straw the poor wounded soldiers were laid; close in was a long table of two planks, on which each one, when his number was called, was placed, to be sawed, knifed, or to have his wounds dressed. For three hours before his turn came, Sergeant Jones lay on the straw watching the surgeons cut and saw off arms and legs and dress wounds. At 12 o'clock midnight, Sergeant Jones was laid on the table; the surgeons looked at his wounds and shook their heads and said the left foot better come off. The wounded sol-

dier hotly replied, you will not remove that foot; all I came here for is for you to dress my three wounds and do it just as quick as you can, and give me a little chance to rest. Then they told him it would be necessary to give him chloroform while they were dressing his wounds; he said never mind the chloroform, go ahead, but he twitched and groaned when they roughly see-sawed the bandages through his wounds to clean them out, cut the ragged edges, and removed the splintered bones. When through, he was carried back into the regimental tent, and laid on some straw where many of his comrades lay, each regiment having their own field hospital. Along the line, at 2 o'clock several ambulances came. Jones was carried out on a stretcher and placed in one of them by the side of a soldier shot through the body; other ambulances were filled with wounded soldiers who were able to sit up; they were soon off for the twelve-mile drive over a new and frozen rough road through the woods, which was another test of Sergeant Jones' endurance. Arriving at the railroad switch track, the wounded soldiers were placed in freight cars in rows on straw. Jones and his companion who was shot through the body, were placed side by side on the straw in the car, weak from pain and loss of blood, exposure and hunger—for not a mouthful had he to eat after early breakfast for twenty-two hours. Arriving in City Point at sunrise, his

first thought was of the wounded comrade sleeping by his side, placing his hand on his face to awaken him, only to discover him cold in death. At City Point Mr. Jones was placed in a dirty barracks hospital, crowded with wounded soldiers; there he was neglected, not receiving proper attention, and during the four days there gangrene set in his wounds. He was then transferred on a hospital boat down the James river to Baltimore, Md., and there placed in the United States Jarvis hospital, where eminent surgeons examined his wounds, and discovered that gangrene was fast penetrating two of his wounds; but they said, "we will do our best to pull you through; first it will be necessary to give them the black wash, and put you under the influence of chloroform." "Don't bother about the chloroform, doctor," said Jones, "but if you say the black wash is the remedy, go ahead, I can bear it." The black wash was applied, the poor agonized soldier looked down and saw the cloud of smoke arising from the burning out of his side wounds. While he winced and bit his lip. Nurses were ordered to watch over him day and night; the surgeons in charge pronounced him a hopeless case; they didn't believe he would live three days, but he disappointed them; they didn't know the unfaltering courage and iron constitution of the young soldier; but the following two weeks he was unconscious. He lay right there on the same bed on



IRA CLIFFORD JONES.

his back four months, and the first month with his left foot suspended. In June before he was able to stand on his feet he was transferred, at his request, on a stretcher with a squad of Wisconsin soldiers from the same hospital, to Milwaukee, Wis., his home state; there he was placed in the Bethlehem Home Hospital. About the 1st of July he was able to move about a little on crutches in the hospital. Just as he expected to get outdoor air he came down with a hard case of regular smallpox, and for a month he was kept three miles out in the county pesthouse. His regiment had long been mustered out of service. Shortly after returning from the pesthouse to the hospital, Mr. Jones applied for and received an honorable discharge, for reason of wounds received in line of battle; then in August, 1865, on crutches he returned to his home at Hudson, Wis., one of the last of his regiment to be welcomed by the dear ones at home. Sergeant Jones is a pensioner since 1865.

(8.) IRA CLIFFORD JONES, son of George R. Jones (II) and Ellen Savage Jones, was born Jan. 5th, 1874, at Waukesha, Wis. He was married to Lillie B. Greengo, Sept. 16th, 1897, at the home of her parents, Waukesha, Wis. Lillie, his wife, was born May, 1880, at Menominee Falls, Wis. There was born to this union one child, ⁹Mary Ellen Jones; she was born Dec. 24th,

1898, at Waukesha, Wis. Ira C. Jones, after completing his high school education, pursued a course at Carroll College, Waukesha, Wis.; also a business course at the Spencerian Business College, Milwaukee, Wis.

Mr. Jones was for ten years associated with his father in their chain of hotels at Waukesha, Wis., Hot Springs, Ark., and Washington, D. C., as associate manager, from one hotel to another. After his marriage in the fall of 1897, he, in partnership with his brother Orrin D. Jones, purchased a large hotel at Hot Springs, Ark., which was incorporated under the firm name of The Jones House. Mr. Jones sold his interest in this house in 1902 and purchased an interest in the Wagoner Manufacturing Company, Detroit, Mich., moving to that city. He was elected manager of the company.

In the year of 1904 he withdrew his interest in the above company and was appointed manager of the Dewey Hotel, Washington, D. C. The seasons of 1905-06-07 he was manager of the Rockwood Hotel and Casino, summer resort hotel in the Catskill Mountains, Greene county, N. Y.

In the spring of 1906 he purchased an interest in the Lexington Hotel Company (incorporated) in New York City, N. Y., and was elected vice-president and associate manager. In the fall of 1907 he secured an interest in an appliance for machinery pulleys, to pre-



ORRIN DELOS JONES.

vent belting from slipping, thus saving power and operating expenses. He went to Europe and established headquarters in London, England, and then began introducing the appliance in the European countries, having to engage interpreters in the countries where English was not spoken. After traveling fourteen months in twelve countries, demonstrating and establishing agencies, he returned to New York City, N. Y., in the fall of 1908, and engaged in the photography business.

Ira Clifford Jones was married a second time, on June 17th, 1911; he was married to Mrs. Mary L. Diehl in the city of Dallas, Tex. Mary Diehl Jones, his wife, was born Sept. 21st, 1878, at Rushville, Ill. She is the daughter of William Henry and Josephine Iowa Dennis of Rushville. Mary Diehl Jones has one child, Mildred Francis Diehl; she was born Feb. 3rd, 1906, at Tallahassee, Florida. Mr. and Mrs. Jones are now residents of Fort Worth, Tex., where they own a comfortable home. They are both church members. Mr. Jones is a Republican; he is a member of the Independent Order of Foresters. For three years, 1895 to 1898, he was a member of Co. A, 1st Regt., Arkansas State Militia.

(8.) ORRIN DELOS JONES, son of George R. and Ellen Savage Jones, was born May 27, 1876, at Independence, Kansas; he married Emma Draper Clark at

the home of her parents in Washington, D. C., Oct. 7, 1903. Orrin Jones was reared in Waukesha, Wis., his parents being in the hotel business in that city. After having secured an education in the high school he then entered Carroll College and completed his course there (Waukesha, Wis.) After attaining sufficient knowledge of the hotel business he became associated with his father and brother Ira, who were extensively engaged in that business (hotel), of which Orrin Jones became one of the associated managers, operating at Waukesha, Wis., and Hot Springs, Ark. In the year of 1897 he and Ira C. Jones, his brother, purchased a hotel at Hot Springs, Ark., and operated it under the firm name Jones House. Two years having elapsed, Orrin Jones disposed of his interest in that hotel and again become associated with his father, George R. Jones, in the operating of their hotels. In the year of 1902 Orrin Jones was appointed manager of the Dewey Hotel, Washington, D. C., and opened it Oct. 1 of that year for the headquarters of the delegations of the states of Arkansas, Iowa and Minnesota, to the National Convention of the Grand Army of the Republic, accommodating 500 members of the Grand Army. In the fall of 1903 he became the proprietor and manager of the Pierrepont Hotel, New York City; in 1905 he disposed of that hotel and purchased an interest in the new Lexington Hotel, New York City, of which he was asso-

ciate manager, and secretary and treasurer of the company. He is a member of the Baptist Church. In politics a Republican. His home is in Pasadena, Cal.

(7.) EUNICE MARTHA JONES, daughter of Sterling and Elizabeth Jones, was born June 3rd, 1848, and married Frank J. Savage of the town of Troy, St. Croix county, Wis., Jan. 1st, 1867, at the home of her parents in the town of Hudson, Wis. Mr. Savage was born May 25th, 1846, in Somerset, Maine. Mr. and Mrs. Savage had eight children born to them, viz.: Katherine May, Nellie E., Etta A., Frank N., Milton D., Idella I., Leonard S. and Hazel K. Frank J. Savage enlisted Sept. 1st, 1864; was corporal of Co. A, 44th Regt., Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry, in the Army of the Tennessee, principally doing guard duty around Louisville, and Paducah, Ky. He was mustered out of service July 2nd, 1865. Mr. Savage followed farming several years in Wisconsin and Kansas. He held office of school director and served twelve years as street commissioner and superintendent of water and gas works at River Falls, Wis. He is a member of I. N. Nicholas Post, No. 117, G. A. R. Eunice Martha Jones Savage, his wife, is a member of W. R. Corps. Both Mr. and Mrs. Savage are members of the Baptist Church; their home now is in Portland, Oregon.

(8.) KATHERINE MAY SAVAGE, daughter of Frank J. and Eunice Jones Savage, was born Sept. 26th, 1868, in the town of Troy, St. Croix county, Wis. She married Earnest Whitehead Nov. 29th, 1888, at River Falls, Wis. One child was born to them, Frank L., Jan. 14th, 1890. Their home is in Minneapolis, Minn.

(8.) NELLIE E. SAVAGE, daughter of Frank J. and Eunice Jones Savage, was born April 7th, 1870, in the town of Troy, St. Croix county, Wis. She married Frank Carroll, July 5th, 1890, at Minneapolis, Minn. To them four children were born, viz: Lucille, born Feb. 19th, 1891; Idona, June 30, 1892; Wayne, May 9th, 1896; Rotha, Aug. 15th, 1898 in River Falls, Wis. Mr. Carroll is a contractor and builder at Portland, Oregon, where they now live.

(8.) ETTA ADA SAVAGE, daughter of Frank J. and Eunice Jones Savage, was born Dec. 19th, 1872, in the town of Troy, St. Croix county, Wis. Married Herman Schimmerhorn April 29th, 1896, at River Falls, Wis. Their home is at Portland, Oregon.

(8.) FRANK NEWEL SAVAGE, son of Frank J. and Eunice Jones Savage, was born March 1st, 1874, at Cylon, Wis. He married Minnie Montroy June 18th, 1900, at St. Paul, Minn. Two children were born to

this union, viz: Ralph Eugene and Harold Newel Savage. Harold died Aug., 1906, an infant. They now reside in Seattle, Washington.

(8.) MILTON DAVID SAVAGE, son of Frank J. and Eunice Jones Savage, was born Aug. 10th, 1875, at Independence, Kansas. He married Elizabeth Phillipps June 2nd, 1897, at River Falls, Wis. Three children were born to this union, viz: Edwin Bloyce, Julius David and Milton Douglas. Edwin died Oct. 17th, 1898, an infant. All three children were born at River Falls, Wis., where they now live.

(8.) IDELLA I. SAVAGE, daughter of Frank J. and Eunice Jones Savage, was born Nov. 22nd, 1877, at Independence, Kansas. Idella married Roy Chase April 8th, 1897, at River Falls, Wis. Three children were born to them, viz: Loyal B., born Jan. 3rd, 1898; Etta D., Nov. 30th, 1901; Geraldine Eunice, born April 2nd, 1903, at St. Paul, Minn. Their home is now in San Diego, California. Mr. Chase is a contractor and builder.

(8.) LEONARD S. SAVAGE, son of Frank J. and Eunice Jones Savage, was born Feb. 12th, 1882, at Independence, Kansas, and died Oct. 10th, same year.

(8.) HAZEL K. SAVAGE, daughter of Frank J. and Eunice Jones Savage, was born Oct. 8th, 1887, at

River Falls, Wis.; is single and lives with her parents in Portland, Oregon.

(7.) HENRY BENSON JONES, son of Sterling and Elizabeth Jones, was born March 11th, 1850, at Hudson, Wis.; he married Climena Thompson July 3rd, 1872, at Hudson, Wis. On this occasion a double wedding was solemnized, Mr. Jones' sister Sarah was married to N. H. Clapp at the same time; the two couples standing in line together, this being the second double wedding to occur in the Sterling Jones family. Henry B. and Climena Thompson Jones had seven children born to them, namely: Florence Emma, born April 1st, 1874, at Hudson, Wis.; Frank Walter, born July 13th, 1877, at Hudson, Wis.; Oscar Eugene, born Nov. 7th, 1879, at Casselton, N. D.; Grace May, born July 6th, 1884, at Casselton, N. D.; Mattie Alice, born Dec. 8th, 1887, at Casselton, N. D.; Miriam, born Sept. 21st, 1892, at Casselton, N. D.; Sterling Henry, born Nov. 13th, 1898, at Casselton, N. D.

Henry B. Jones, after he attained his majority, leased the old homestead from his father, which was in the St. Croix valley, St. Croix county, Wis., and ran it on shares for six or seven years. In 1878 he went West and settled on government land under the United States homestead law, in the Red River valley at Casselton, N. D. Adding to this, later on, he was owner of a rich grain and stock farm containing 320 acres, and



HENRY BENSON JONES.

was quoted as a thrifty and prosperous farmer; also raising fine stock and dairy products.

In March of 1910 Mr. Jones sold this property, including the stock. Retiring from active business he with his family moved to the city of San Diego, Cal., there he purchased a comfortable home in which they now live. H. B. Jones during his thirty-two years of farming in North Dakota held the office of assessor of his township for about thirteen years, was street commissioner, a member of the school board, and for several years town treasurer. He is now engaged in the real estate, building and loan business in the city of San Diego; he is also a stockholder and director of the University Ave. Bank of that city. In politics he is a staunch Republican. Mr. Jones is a member of the order of Knights of Pythias.

(8.) FLORENCE EMMA JONES, daughter of Henry B. and Climena Jones, was born April 1st, 1874, at Hudson, Wis. Was married Aug. 18th, 1900, to Charles Reynolds at Casselton, N. D. To them seven children were born, viz: ¹Ella Reynolds, born May 11th, 1901; ²Dorothy Reynolds, born June 20th, 1902; ³Arthur Reynolds, born June 8th, 1904; ⁴Lawrence Reynolds, born Nov. 5th, 1905; ⁵Florence E. Reynolds, born Dec. 11th, 1906, died Sept. 7th, 1907; ⁶Grace May Reynolds, born June 17th, 1908; ⁷Charles Eugene Reynolds, born June 26th, 1910. They live at Lake Fox, Ill.

(8.) FRANK WALTER JONES, son of Henry B. and Climena Jones, was born July 13th, 1877, at Hudson, Wis. He was married to Ellen May Janeware, July 5th, 1906, at Caster Alberta, N. W. T., Canada; one child was born to this union, viz: ⁹Helen Mabelle, Aug. 19th, 1907, at Caster Alberta, Canada. Mr. Jones is engaged in the hardware business at Caster Alberta, Canada; he is a Republican.

(8.) OSCAR EUGENE JONES, son of Henry B. and Climena Jones, was born Nov. 7th, 1879, at Casselton, N. D. He married Rose Delia Blair, Aug. 7th, 1901. Three children were born to this union, viz: ⁹Climena Margarette Jones was born June 20th, 1902; ⁹Rose Delia Jones was born May 23rd, 1905; ⁹Amanda Belle Jones was born Jan. 29th, 1907, at Alberta, N. W. T., Canada. Oscar Jones is a farmer and located at Staverly Alta, Canada. He is secretary and treasurer of the school district No. 1660.

(7.) SARAH ELIZABETH JONES, daughter of Sterling and Elizabeth Jones, was born Jan. 4th, 1855, in the town of Hudson, Wis. She was married to Newell Harvey Clapp, July 3rd, 1872, at her parents' home in Hudson, Wis. Mr. Clapp was born Jan. 27th, 1850, at Waitsfield, Vermont. This marriage was the occasion of the second double wedding in the Sterling Jones family. There were born to Newell H. Clapp and



FRANK WALTER JONES.

Sarah Jones Clapp seven children, viz: Mattie A., born Nov. 8th, 1874, at Hudson, Wis., died May 12th, 1892, at Stillwater, Minn.; Augustus W., born Feb. 9th, 1877, at Hudson, Wis.; Newel H. Jr., born March 15th, 1878, at Hudson, Wis.; Edwin J., born Sept. 9th, 1881, at Hudson, Wis.; Arthur A., born June 17th, 1886, at Stillwater, Minn.; Dorothy A., born Jan. 30th, 1892, at Stillwater, Minn., died Aug. 29th, 1902, in St. Paul, Minn.; Rufus H., born May 13th, 1895, at St. Paul, Minn. Newel H. Clapp began the practice of law in the office of Augustus Wilson in the city of Hudson in 1871; ten years later he moved to Stillwater, Minn., and took up the practice of law in that city; later he took in a partner under the firm name of Clapp and McCartney. About the year of 1890 they moved to St. Paul, Minn., where they continued their law practice. For many years he has been prominent before the Supreme Court of his state.

(8.) AUGUSTUS W. CLAPP, son of Newel H. and Sarah Jones Clapp, married Miss Lucy S. Sandborn, June 10th, 1902, at her home in St. Paul, Minn. They have two children born to them, viz: ⁹Dorothy, born July 10th, 1903; ⁹Augustus W. Jr., born July 25th, 1904, at St. Paul, Minn. Mr. Clapp is a graduate of the University of Yale and is an attorney at law; he practiced in St. Paul, Minn., several years with his father, N. H. Clapp. In 1906 he located at Muskogee, Okla-

homa, and opened law offices there, and soon became one of the leading attorneys in the district; in politics he is a Republican. In March, 1912, he returned to St. Paul, Minn., and is again associated with his father, N. H. Clapp, in the practice of law in that city, where he now lives.

(8.) NEWEL HARVEY CLAPP, Jr., son of Newel H. and Sarah Jones Clapp, married Miss Lulu E. Shandrew, July 3rd, 1901, at the home of her mother in the city of St. Paul, Minn. They had three children born to them, viz: ^oCharles S. was born July 15th, 1902; ^oMattie Alice was born Oct. 31st, 1903, and died Nov. 27th, 1908; ^oMary Elizabeth was born Feb. 27th, 1909. Harvey Clapp was engaged extensively in the lumber business and was general manager of a large sawmill plant of the Southern Lumber Company at Warren, Ark., which proved a flattering success. He was a Republican. Newel Harvey Clapp Jr. died April 1st, 1910, at Little Rock, Ark. Mrs. Clapp now lives in St. Paul, Minn.

(8.) PROF. EDWIN JONES CLAPP, son of Newel H. and Sarah Elizabeth Jones Clapp, was born Sept. 9th, 1881, in Hudson, Wis. He married Susanna Clifford Nelson in Washington, D. C., July 19th, 1907. Susanna, his wife, was born in Evansville, Ind., Feb. 7th, 1880; she is the daughter of Major Wm. Nelson, Major

U. S. Army retired, and Amy Clifford Nelson, his wife. One child blessed this union, ^aAmy Clifford Clapp; was born in Berlin, Germany, on the 13th day of January, 1910. Edwin Jones Clapp first graduated from the central high school in St. Paul, Minn., in 1900, and in 1904 he graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts (B.A.) from Yale University. While at college he was one year on the tennis team and four years on the track team; during the last year he was captain of the team, winning the intercollegiate hurdle races three out of the four years. After graduating he was captain of the combined Yale-Harvard track team that went abroad and beat the Oxford and Cambridge track team at the Queen's Club, London. Mr. Clapp won the hurdle race on that occasion; in 1904-1905. He was teacher at the Hill School, Pottstown, Penn., 1905-1907 he was with the Robin Hood Ammunition Company of Swanton, Vermont. After his marriage in 1907 they sailed for Europe; then Mr. Clapp studied two years at the University of Berlin, Germany, and about a year at the University of Leipsic, Germany. At the end of this period he was given the degree of Doctor of Philosophy (Ph.D.) He then accepted the position of instructor of political economy at Yale University, New Haven, Conn. In the fall of 1911 he was appointed to a position in the Columbia College in the city of New York, where he now lives.

(8.) ARTHUR A. CLAPP, son of Newel H. and Sarah Jones Clapp, was born June 17th, 1886, in Stillwater, Minn. He married Anna Leon Blodgett of Hartford, Conn., Oct. 23rd, 1908. Anna, his wife, was born April 30th, 1887, in Waterbury, Conn. Mr. Arthur Clapp after completing his education at Yale University, in 1908 went to Warren, Ark., and engaged in the lumber business with his brother Harvey, where he now lives. In politics he is a Republican.

(7.) JOHN HARVEY JONES, son of Sterling and Elizabeth Jones, was born Jan. 1st, 1859, in the town of Hudson, Wis. He was married to Annie Elizabeth Daily April 9, 1885, at Hudson, Wis. Annie, his wife, was born July 21, 1860, in the town of Hudson, Wis. There were born to this union four children, viz: ^sFlossie May Jones, Oct. 24, 1888, and died Sept. 18, 1889; ^sEdwin Daily Jones was born Nov. 3, 1890; ^sRobert Harvey Jones was born April 11, 1896; ^sLaura Jones was born May 28, 1901, all at Hudson, Wis. John Harvey Jones is a painter and decorator, doing contract work. His home has always been in Hudson, Wis. In politics he is a Republican.

Edwin Daily Jones, son of John Harvey and Annie Elizabeth Jones, born Nov. 3rd, 1890, was raised in Hudson, Wis. Since his maturity he has been engaged in the U. S. Postal R. F. D. system, in Troy and Hudson townships, St. Croix county, Wis. He was married



JOHN HARVEY JONES.

March 28th, 1912, to Miss Pearl Elizabeth Rogers of Hudson, Wis., where they now live. Mr. Jones is a Republican.

(6.) LEWIS OTIS JONES, the third, son of Harry and Ruth Earl Jones, was born A. D. 1814, in Dansville, Steuben county, N. Y. He enlisted Nov. 3, 1846, in Co. "H," Mounted Riflemen, at Jefferson Barricks, Mo., and died May 6, 1847, at Vera Cruz, Mexico, while in the service of the Mexican war.

(6.) EUNICE JONES, daughter of Harry and Ruth Earl Jones, was born June 17, 1816, at Dansville, Steuben county, N. Y. She was married to David Marshall March 5, 1834, at Dansville, N. Y. Eight children were born to them, namely: Louis Otis, born Feb. 15, 1835; William P., born March 15, 1840; Esther J., Feb. 26, 1843; Emily Marshall, born Dec. 13, 1837, died an infant; Martha J. Marshall, born Aug. 8, 1842, died an infant; George Russell Marshall, born Jan. 26, 1847, died 1867; Mary C. Marshall, born Nov. 30, 1851; twin, died an infant; James B. Marshall, born Nov. 30, 1851, twin, died an infant. David Marshall was a farmer, in 1839 he moved from New York to Delphi, Ind., and in 1855 they moved from that city by teams, driving overland to Hudson, Wis. He purchased a farm in the Kinnickinnic valley, where he died in 1868; and Eu-

nice Jones Marshall, his wife, died the year of 1882, in the same house.

(7.) CAPTAIN LOUIS OTIS MARSHALL, son of David and Eunice Jones Marshall, was born Feb. 15, 1835, at Dansville, N. Y. He went to Hudson, Wis., in the spring of 1854; purchased a farm in the Kinnick-innic valley. He married Cynthia Harshman Oct. 3, 1858; to this union one child was born, namely, ^sEstella, born in 1864. In 1884 they moved to Culleoka, Tenn. Estella Marshall married J. B. Farmer. Cynthia Marshall died in 1904. Louis Otis Marshall enlisted Aug. 1, 1861, in Captain Samuels Co., "F," 1st Regt., Wisconsin Infantry Volunteers, at Prescott, Wis., and was appointed orderly sergeant, Aug. 11, 1862. Promoted and commissioned first lieutenant and transferred to Col. D. J. Dills Regt., 30, Wis. Infy., Oct., 1863, he was promoted and commissioned captain of Co. D. In the winter of 1864 Col. Dill selected him to capture Soomundy, the notorious guerilla, and his band; ordered to select fifty of the best soldiers out of the entire regiment, which he did. Captain Marshall drilled his men and planned the scouting; they were soon off and run upon the band of guerillas sixty miles south of Louisville, Ky. They run them in a barn and a fusillade of firing followed from within, the captain's posse returning the fire. The soldiers were commanded to burn the barn. The smoke soon



BENTON JONES.

decided their fate; when Soomundy, the chief, seriously wounded, swung open the door and surrendered, one of his band lay dead at his feet; they captured the "chief," Soomundy, and two of his aides, McGruder and Metcalf. They were indicted, the Federal court at Louisville found them guilty of treason. Chief Soomundy was hanged on the gallows at 16th Street and Broadway in Louisville, Kentucky, in Aug., 1865. His aides, McGruder and Metcalf, were sentenced to the penitentiary for life. No braver soldier served in the United States army than was Captain L. O. Marshall. He is a member of the Free Masons Lodge, a member of the G. A. R.

(7.) WILLIAM P. MARSHALL, son of David and Eunice Jones Marshall, was born March 15, 1840, at Delphi, Ind. He was married to Caroline Fowler Feb. 27, 1873, at Hudson, Wis. For many years they lived in River Falls, Wis., where Mr. Marshall was engaged in the insurance business; in 1904 he sold out and moved to San Diego, Cal., bought a home there and continued in the real estate business. William P. Marshall enlisted in Aug., 1862, in the Union Army, at Hudson, Wis., and served as drum major of the 30th Regt., Wis. Infty. Vol., U. S. A. In politics he is a Republican. Mr. and Mrs. Marshall are members of the Congregational Church.

(7.) ESTHER JANE MARSHALL, daughter of David and Eunice Jones Marshall, was born Feb. 26, 1843, at Monticello, Ind. She was married to Andrew Jackson Sherburne Aug. 10, 1862, at River Falls, Wis. Andrew Jackson Sherburne was born Oct. 28, 1829, in Glenburne, Maine. Five children were born to them, viz: ^sGrace, born June 7, 1863, died July 27, 1864; ^sGeorge Russell, born May 28, 1866; he married Bertha May Lathrop, at Waha, Idaho, Oct. 3, 1892; he died Nov. 3, 1895, at Waha, Idaho; Ruth Earl, born Feb. 17, 1868, at River Falls, Wis.; Mae, born April 2, 1870; ^sLillian, born June 27, 1885, at River Falls, Wis.

Andrew Jackson Sherburne enlisted in the Union Army at Hudson, Wis., in 1862, and was sergeant of Co. D, 30th Regt., Wis. Inftry. Vol. He is a farmer, living at Clarkson, Washington.

(8.) RUTH EARL SHERBURNE was married March 15, 1892, to James Swedensky at Waha, Idaho; to them two children were born, viz: Albert Wesley, born Sept. 20, 1894; Harold Clarence, born Sept. 29, 1896.

(8.) MAE SHERBURNE married James Lambert Sept. 10, 1892, at Waha, Idaho.

(6.) JEROME BEACH JONES (I), son of Harry and Ruth Earl Jones, was born Aug. 4, 1818, in Canada.



JEROME BEACH JONES I.

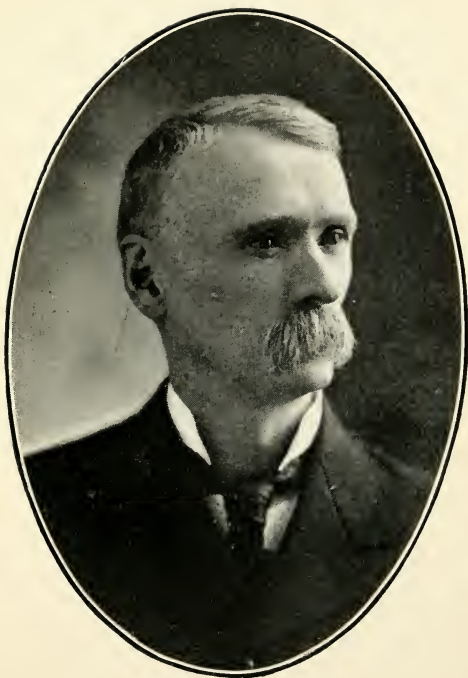
He married Martha Jane Brookbank, June 8, 1844, at Delphi, Ind. To this union seven children were born, viz: Jane E., born Feb. 21, 1845, at Delphi, Ind.; Mary E., born Sept. 6, 1846, at Delphi, Ind.; John Henry, born March 24, 1849, died July 28, 1850; Harry, born Jan. 28, 1852, at Delphi, Ind.; Lewis Earl, born Feb. 23, 1854, at Delphi, Ind., died same day; Benton, born May 13, 1855, at Melrose, Wis.; Alice, born June 16, 1858, at Melrose, Wis. Jerome B. Jones followed farming in Carroll county, Ind., from 1843 to 1854, when he sold out and moved to Melrose, Wis.; there he purchased a good farm and was a successful farmer up to about the year of 1883, when he disposed of his farm and moved to Clear Lake, in the northwest part of Wisconsin, and engaged in mercantile business, where he took an interest in the townsite and aided in a successful movement in building and starting a prosperous country village. Mr. Jones died Feb. 3, 1892, at Clear Lake, Wis. Martha Brookbank Jones, his wife, died May 18, 1907, at North Yakima, state of Washington.

(7.) JANE E. JONES, daughter of Jerome B. and Martha Brookbank Jones, was born Feb. 21, 1845, at Delphi, Ind.; was married to Harrison Griffin Sept. 12, 1865, at Melrose, Wis. Mr. Griffin is a farmer and now lives on his farm at Prosser, state of Washington. Five

children were born to this union: ^sMartha, born Feb. 2nd, 1867; ^sEllis, born Sept. 6th, 1869; ^sLetta, born Oct. 17th, 1872; ^sPearl, born Aug. 19th, 1875; ^sS., born March 19th, 1880.

(7.) MARY E. JONES, daughter of Jerome B. and Martha Jones, was born Sept. 6th, 1846, at Kirklin, Ind. She was married to William M. Croome Sept. 15th, 1864, at Sparta, Wis. Wm. M. Croome, her husband, was born Feb. 16th, 1836; they were blessed with two children, ^sHarry G. Croome, born April 28th, 1876, at Black River Falls, died April 5th, 1901; ^sNettie M. Croome, born July 6th, 1865; she married Marshal N. Race June 28th, 1883. William M. Croome was a timber appraiser and adjuster to determine what is called stumpage, number of feet of lumber and valuation of trees per acre. He died March 5th, 1903. Mary Jones Croome lives at Sherbrooke P. Q. Canada.

(7.) HARRY JONES, son of Jerome B. and Martha Jones, was born Jan. 28, 1852, at Delphi, Ind. He married Miss Emma Hinds, at Sioux Falls, S. D., Sept. 28, 1886; she was born at Moscow, Pa., March 3, 1854. There was born to this union three children, namely: Homer L, born Sept. 25, 1887, at Sioux Falls, S. D.; Ruth Jones, born April 4, 1889, at Sedalia, Mo., died June same year; ^sNaomi Jones, born Nov. 7, 1890, at Sedalia, Mo. Harry Jones was raised on his father's



HARRY JONES II.

farm at Melrose, Wis.; attended district county school winters and worked on farm summers. The winter of 1871-72 he attended Atwood Business College at La Crosse, Wis. Sept. 12, 1872, he went to Ogden, Utah, thence overland to Helena, Mont., and remained there until the summer of 1873; from there he rode horseback to Walla Walla, Wash., traveling over the trail from Walla Walla to Seattle leading through the Yakima valley, and across the present townsite of Wapato, where he now lives, observing at the time the fertile valley and rich soil, but having no thought that he would ever return to make it his future home in his declining years. From Seattle he went to San Francisco, Cal., arriving there about one year from the time he left home. He remained in California until the summer of 1875, working at ranching and in the stock business; later he returned east and worked in the lumber woods and farmed for two years. Jan. 1, 1878, he was appointed under sheriff of St. Croix county, Wis., by his cousin, Jerome B. Jones (second); he served as under sheriff during the years of 1878-79. Jan., 1880, he entered the employ of the McCormick Harvesting Machine Company at St. Cloud, Minn., as collecting agent and other field work in Northern Minnesota, continuing the same line of work for the company during 1881-82 in Southern Minnesota, with headquarters at Albert Lea. February, 1883, he was ap-

pointed general agent for the McCormick Harvesting Machine Company, serving in that capacity at Fort Dodge, Iowa, Sioux Falls, S. D., and Sedalia, Mo., until January, 1891, when he resigned to enter the banking business. He returned to Fort Dodge, Iowa, and was appointed cashier of the First National Bank of Fort Dodge; November, 1892, he resigned from that position and moved to Albert Lea, Minn., having purchased a large interest in the First National Bank of that city, to which he was elected president and manager; he continued in that position until January, 1903, closing out his interest in the bank to engage in real estate, loan and insurance business at Lisbon, N. D., with his cousin, Hon. Albert E. Jones. In the fall of 1905 he moved to the state of Washington; April, 1906, together with Alexander E. McCredy and G. S. Rankin, he organized the Wapato State Bank, at Wapato, Washington, which was converted into the First National Bank of Wapato, May 11, 1908; he was elected its cashier and manager, which position he holds at the present time. In addition to the banking business he is growing a large fruit ranch near Wapato; is chairman of the school board, and takes an active and personal interest in the development of the town and country. He is a Knight Templar and Shriner; is master of the Blue Lodge, at Wapato, and a life member of the Elks Lodge at North Yakima, Washington.



HOMER L. JONES.

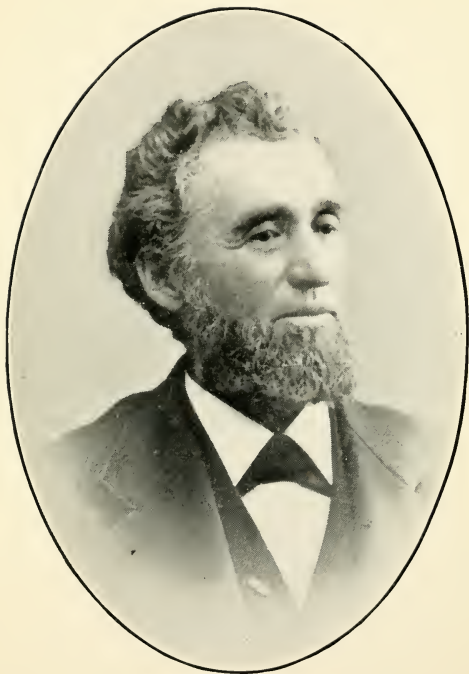
Harry Jones' grandfather was Harry Jones the (I), who served in the navy under General Perry in the American-British war on Lake Erie, A. D. 1812.

(8.) HOMER L. JONES, son of Harry Jones and Emma H. Jones, born at Sioux Falls, S. D., Sept. 25th, 1887. He attended North Yakima, Wash., high school, and Washington State College. Is a civil, electrical and gasoline engineer. Is at present in the employ of the United States Indian Service as civil engineer. He is a bright and able young man with a good future before him.

(7.) BENTON JONES, son of Jerome B. and Martha Brookbank Jones, was married to Miss Ida Stebbons, July 29, 1875; one daughter was born to this union. Mr. Jones in early life followed farming; later he was engaged in mercantile business at Clear Lake, Wis. He died Feb. 18, 1890, at Hudson, Wis.

(7.) ALICE JONES, daughter of Jerome B. and Martha Brookbank Jones, was married to Edmond P. Huntington Feb. 19, 1879. Mr. Huntington was the editor and publisher of a weekly paper at New Richmond, Wis., where they lived. He died about the year of 1905, at his home in New Richmond, Wis. Alice Jones Huntington makes her home now with her brother, Harry Jones, at Wapato, Washington.

(6.) GEORGE RUSSELL JONES (I), son of Harry and Ruth Earl Jones, was born Oct. 27, 1820, at South Dansville, Steuben county, N. Y.; his father died when he was but 15 years of age, in 1835. He with his mother and four younger children moved to Portage county, Ohio, where he worked and helped support the family. In February, 1844, he went to Delphi, Carroll county, Ind. August 17, 1845, he was married to Charlotte C. Olds, at Pittsburgh, Ind. Charlotte, his wife, was born 1828, at Middletown, Ohio. Three children were born to this union, viz: Laura May Jones, born June 3, 1849, at Pittsburg, Ind., died Dec., 1905, at Hudson, Wis.; Preston Robert Jones, born Oct. 1, 1850, at Pittsburg, Ind.; Cullen Colton Jones, born in 1866, at Hudson, Wis., died Feb. 13, 1890. After Mr. Jones' marriage he was engaged in operating canal boats between Lafayette, Pittsburg, Delphi and Logansport, Ind., along the line of the Wabash River. In the spring of 1855 he with his wife and two children moved from Delphi, Ind., to Hudson, Wis., St. Croix county, driving with teams overland, camping out every night but one, during the 600 miles' drive; there he purchased a tract of land in St. Croix valley, improved and leased it. Uncle Russ Jones, as he was familiarly known, owned and conducted livery and sales stables at Hudson for many years, supplying horses to lumbermen in Northern Minnesota and Wisconsin pineries. He was one of



GEORGE RUSSELL JONES I.

the company to purchase the townsite of Clear Lake, Wis., platted it, and erected buildings, which resulted in starting the town's growth. Mr. Jones owned an interest in the Hudson Chair Factory Company and was a director thereof; also was interested in the Hudson City Lumber Company and saw mills. Later he became the owner of four rich farms, and leased them on shares; was a lover of fine horses, and known as one of Hudson's most enterprising citizens. He was a member of the I. O. O. F. Lodge in all the chapters. In 1856, Mr. Jones organized Colfax Lodge I. O. O. F., No. 85, at Hudson, Wis., of which the fraternity gives him credit as Father of Colfax Lodge, the name he chose. Russell Jones was from his boyhood a fine musician, and for many years leader of the Jones Orchestra. In the winter of 1862-63, during the civil war, he and his brother, Professor Lyman Jones, organized a concert quartette, singing patriotic songs in the principal towns in Wisconsin, Michigan, and Minnesota. Mr. Jones and family were Methodists at heart, and always attended the church of that denomination. Uncle Russ Jones was a man of tender heart, had a reputation for his untiring attention to the poor and needy. His record is worthy of space in the history of his home town, where he resided in one house for more than fifty years, and where he died May 2, 1906. He was a Republican.

Charlotte Jones, his wife, died in the same house in August, 1909.

(7.) PRESTON ROBERT JONES, son of George Russel Jones, first, and Charlotte Jones, born October 1st, 1850, at Pittsburg, Carroll County, Ind. When he was but five years of age, his parents moved to Hudson, St. Croix County, Wis., driving the entire distance overland, with teams. Preston Robert Jones was married to Mattie A. Jameson, April 25th, 1877, in New York City, N. Y. Mattie, his wife, was born in 1852, in New York City, N. Y. Two children were born to this union, viz: Charlotte Elizabeth Jones, born 1878, at Clear Lake, Polk County, Wis.; Laura Alice Jones was born December, 1879, at Hudson, Wis.

In the year of 1875, Mr. Jones engaged in the lumber business, with his father; later he become identified with the Hudson Furniture Company, and took part in its operation, also the Hudson Threshing Machine Company.

In the year of 1888 he moved to the city of St. Paul, Minn., and engaged in the grocery line of business. Mattie Jameson Jones, his wife, died in 1896 at their home in St. Paul, Minn.

Later on Mr. Jones disposed of his interests in St. Paul, and returned to Hudson, Wis. There he was elected alderman from his home ward, also served



PRESTON ROBERT JONES.

one term as street commissioner; then Mr. Jones located in the west, purchased fruit lands in the State of Washington. There he engaged in the real estate business, at Clarkson, Asotin County, Washington, and Lewiston, Idaho. Since his father's death he has had charge of the estate, at Hudson, Wis., where he now lives. He never remarried after his wife's death. He is a Republican.

(8.) CHARLOTTE ELIZABETH JONES, daughter of Preston R. and Mattie Jameson Jones, was born 1878 at Clear Lake, Polk County, Wis. In the year 1888 she went to St. Paul with her parents, who went there to reside, and in that city she derived her education.

After the death of her mother the duties of the household fell to her care. A few years following this period, she went to New York City with her grandmother, Mrs. Jameson. She was married to Mr. Paul Caldwell July 15th, 1903, in the city of New York. Two children were born to this union, viz: ^oPaul Jones Caldwell was born in 1904; ^oCullen Preston Caldwell was born 1907.

Mr. Caldwell is a pharmacist. Their present home is in Staten Island, N. Y.

(8.) LAURA ALICE JONES, daughter of Preston R. and Mattie Jameson Jones, was born in December, 1879, at Hudson, St. Croix County, Wis. After completing her high school education at St. Paul, Minn., she received a musical education, and later devoted her time to teaching music. Later she went to New York City, and has since made it her home, living with her married sister, Mrs. Caldwell. She has remained single.

(6.) MARY ANN JONES, daughter of Harry and Ruth Earl Jones, was born 1822, at South Dansville, Steuben county, N. Y. She was first married to Robert Bradshaw, March 4, 1841, at Delphi, Ind. One child was born to this union, viz: Emily Ruth Bradshaw, born Oct. 9, 1843, at Delphi, Ind. Robert Bradshaw, husband of Mary Ann Jones Bradshaw, died March 28, 1843, at Delphi, Ind. Mary Ann Jones Bradshaw was again married a second time, to James Killgore, April 7, 1852, at Delphi, Ind. Five children were born to this union, viz: ¹Charles H., ¹William R., ¹George E., ¹Mary Attlas, ¹Frank. Mary Attlas died in 1872, at Delphi, Ind. James Killgore and sons were manufacturers of wagons for several years, at Delphi, Ind. James Killgore died about the year of 1888, in that city. Mary Ann Jones Killgore died July 6, 1900, at her daughter's by her first husband, in Galesville, Wis.

EMILY RUTH BRADSHAW was married to B. F. Gipple, a merchant at La Crosse, Wis. They moved some twenty-five years ago to Galesville, Wis.

(6.) SARAH ESTHER JONES, daughter of Harry and Ruth Earl Jones, was born in the town of Burns, Alleghany county, N. Y., Aug. 22, 1826; died at Humboldt, Iowa, Oct. 15, 1886. Sarah Ester Jones was married to George Augustus Wright, Feb. 9, 1842, in Ohio. George Augustus Wright was born in Unadilla, Otsego county, N. Y., April 21, 1820; died at Humboldt, Iowa, Dec. 21, 1881; tanner by trade. To this union four children were born: Eunice Wright was born in Girard, Pa., Nov. 16, 1842; Charles Augustus Wright was born in Edinburgh, Ohio, May 16, 1847; Sophia Augusta Wright was born in Edinburgh, Ohio, Sept. 29, 1849, died at La Crosse, Wis., June, 1866; Mary Eliza Wright was born in Painsville, Ohio, June 1, 1853, died at Pittsburgh, Carroll county, Ind., June 3, 1854.

(7.) EUNICE WRIGHT, daughter of George and Ester Jones Wright, was married to Clark Lathrop, Dec. 31, 1860, in Chicago, Ill. Clark Lathrop was born in Royalton, Vt., July 5, 1831. To this union three children were born: Laura May Lathrop, born in La Crosse, Wis., May 12, 1864, died at South Royalton, Vt., Sept. 5, 1877; ^sGeorge Elisha Lathrop, born in

Portage City, Wis., May 22, 1868; ^sRuth Dollie Lathrop, born in South Royalton, Vt., Feb. 27, 1882.

(7.) CHARLES AUGUSTUS WRIGHT married Rose Wilhelmina Butchart, June 3, 1895. He is in the wholesale grocery business at Duluth, Minn.

(6.) PROF. JOSEPH LYMAN JONES, son of Harry and Ruth Earl Jones, was born Feb. 24, 1828, in the town of Burns, Alleghany county, N. Y. He was married to Sarah N. Chapman in Painsville, Ohio, in 1851. Sarah, his wife, died in 1853, in Painsville, Ohio. Mr. Jones was married a second time, in 1858, to Mrs. Mary A. Wright, at Chicago, Ill. She had two children, Addison and Mollie Wright. Following this marriage Mr. Jones lived at Hudson, Wis., until the year of 1866; he then moved to Stillwater, Minn., where he died June 16, 1892. Mr. Jones was a professor of music. In 1862 he enlisted in the 4th Regt. Infy. Wis. Vol. and was leader of the regimental band; a year later he was honorably discharged on account of failing eyesight. He was a member of the I. O. O. F. Lodge. In politics Mr. Jones was a Republican.

(6.) ANDREW JACKSON JONES, son of Harry and Ruth Earl Jones, was born A. D. 1830, in the town of Burns, Alleghany county, N. Y. Mr. Jones went West in 1854, and located at Hudson, Wis., Oct., 1861;

he enlisted in Co. F, 1st Regt. Cavalry, Wis. Vol., serving three years, nine months. At the close of the war he purchased a tract of land in the town of Troy, St. Croix county, Wis., and followed farming. He was married to Miss Augusta Eliza Palmer, July 18, 1868, at Hudson, Wis. Mr. Jones was a Republican. He died Jan. 19, 1870, on his farm in the town of Troy. No children was born to them. Augusta Jones was born Jan. 16th, 1852. Her home is now in Clatskawie, Oregon.

MEMORANDA.

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MEMORANDA.

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